



Employee Benefit Plans

for Saskatchewan health-care employees
2025 Financial Statements

Financial Statements of
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Disability Income Plan - CUPE

Disability Income Plan - General

Disability Income Plan - SEIU-West

Disability Income Plan - SUN

Core Dental Plan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan

Group Life Insurance Plan

Out-of-Scope Flex Spending Plan



June 11, 2026

The Honourable J. Cockrill
Minister of Health
Room 204, Legislative Building
Regina, SK S4S 0B3

(via Email)

Dear Honourable J. Cockrill:

**Re: Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) Disability Income Plans
Financial Statements**

We enclose the financial statements of the 3sHealth Disability Income Plans for the year ended December 31, 2025 and our report on these financial statements.

Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E.
Disability Income Plan – General
Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West
Disability Income Plan – S.U.N.

We issue audited financial statements and other final documents electronically using the Office's secure file-share program. Please whitelist the email account saskauditor@auditor.sk.ca to ensure it is not blocked or sent to junk.

Yours truly,

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor

Enclosure

cc: (via Email)

The Honourable J. Reiter, Chair, Treasury Board
T. Smith, Secretary, Treasury Board
B. Hebert, Provincial Comptroller, Ministry of Finance
R. Doell, Chair, 3sHealth Employee Benefit Plans, Board of Trustees
M. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer, 3sHealth
T. Frass, Vice President, Supply Chain Services and Chief Financial Officer, 3sHealth
A. Shearer-Kleefeld, Vice President, Employee Benefits, 3sHealth
L. Malach, Executive Director, Internal Audit and Enterprise Risk Management, 3sHealth
M. Ortman, Director, Finance, 3sHealth
S. McKillop, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
K. Pituley, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
R. Carter, Deputy Minister, Ministry of Health
R. Dobson, Director, Operations and Internal Audit, Ministry of Health

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E.**

December 31, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E., which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statements of changes in net assets available for benefits, and changes in future disability obligations for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E. as at December 31, 2025, the changes in its net assets available for benefits, and changes in its future disability obligations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E. in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E.'s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E. or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E.'s financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E.'s internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E.'s ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – C.U.P.E. to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

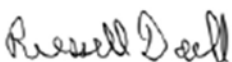
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024
Assets		
Investments (Note 4, 6)	\$ 76,474,246	\$ 79,330,747
Cash	1,586,004	170,336
Accounts receivable employees (Note 4)	451,648	523,201
Accounts receivable employers (Note 4, 8)	451,648	523,201
Accounts receivable other (Note 4, 8)	275,539	226,958
Total Assets	79,239,085	80,774,443
Liabilities		
Accounts payable (Note 4, 8)	661,583	980,754
Total Liabilities	661,583	980,754
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Statement 2)	78,577,502	79,793,689
Provision for future disability obligation (Note 9, Statement 3)	45,605,000	40,307,000
Surplus	\$ 32,972,502	\$ 39,486,689

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available For Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024
Increase in Net Assets		
Dividend income	\$ 687,244	\$ 626,233
Commingled fund income	1,467,903	1,061,314
Interest income	977,318	1,184,094
Partnership income	-	27,296
Realized gain on investments	4,784,072	1,888,008
Unrealized gain on investments	9,031	3,728,806
Contributions – Employees (Note 1)	5,877,322	5,982,613
Contributions – Employers (Note 1, 8)	5,877,322	5,982,613
Recoveries	821,003	870,115
Total Increase in Net Assets	20,501,215	21,351,092
Decrease in Net Assets		
Disability benefits	18,561,187	17,073,303
Administrative expenses (Note 8)	1,410,368	1,379,041
Consulting fees	858,245	762,028
Custodian fees	10,031	7,839
Fund management fees	731,028	574,409
Professional fees	120,503	110,949
Partnership loss	26,040	-
Total Decrease in Net Assets	21,717,402	19,907,569
Change in Net Assets for the Year	(1,216,187)	1,443,523
Net Assets Available for Benefits, Beginning of Year	79,793,689	78,350,166
Net Assets Available for Benefits, End of Year	\$ 78,577,502	\$ 79,793,689
(Statement 1)		

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.
Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations
For the year ended December 31

Statement 3

	2025	2024
Future Disability Obligation, Beginning of Year	\$ 40,307,000	\$ 35,994,000
Increase in Future Disability Obligations		
Interest accrued on benefits	2,065,000	1,920,000
New Bridge & LTD claimants	19,604,000	13,137,000
Impact of experience losses	1,879,000	6,246,000
Impact of changes in assumptions	680,000	1,120,000
	24,228,000	22,423,000
Decrease in Future Disability Obligations		
Expected total benefits payments with interest	18,930,000	18,109,000
Impact of changes in benefits and data	-	1,000
	18,930,000	18,110,000
Net change in Future Disability Obligations	5,298,000	4,313,000
Future Disability Obligation, End of Year (Statement 1, Note 9)	\$ 45,605,000	\$ 40,307,000

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Disability Income Plan – Canadian Union of Public Employees (C.U.P.E.) (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

On January 12, 2015, the 3sHealth Board of Directors, as the Settlor of the Employee Benefit Plan Trusts, formalized the governance of the Trusts and appointed five individual Trustees by executing the ten Trust Agreements. On December 31, 2022, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect the appointment of an additional five independent Trustees selected from the community at large. The purpose of appointing independent Trustees was to ensure the Trusts were compliant with the Income Tax Act to transition from health and welfare trusts (HWT) to employee life and health trusts (ELHT). As a result of a collectively bargained letter of understanding, on October 12, 2023, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect joint governance and ten new Trustees were appointed: five employer appointed Trustees and five union appointed Trustees.

a) Effective date

The effective date of the Plan was January 1, 1975.

b) Purpose of plan

The Plan provides protection against total loss of income due to disability for all eligible employees and complements the sick leave plan of each participating employer. The Plan is designed to integrate with other disability programs (e.g. Canadian Pension Plan (CPP) and Worker's Compensation Board (WCB)). Eligible employees receive the following disability benefits:

- During the initial 119 day qualifying period following disability, bridge benefits equal to 66 2/3% of pre-disability regular gross weekly earnings.
- After the initial 119 day qualifying period, long term disability benefits equal to 60% of pre-disability regular gross monthly earnings.

c) Eligibility

Members of C.U.P.E., employed by 3sHealth participating health care organizations in the Province of Saskatchewan, who meet the eligibility requirements are enrolled in the Plan.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

d) Employers' and employees' contributions

The financial requirements of the Plan are measured on a continuous basis and adjustments to the contribution levels are made accordingly. The total monthly contribution rate at December 31, 2025 was 2.40% (2024 – 2.40%) of each eligible employee's normal earnings which is shared equally between the employee and employer.

e) Termination of plan

The Plan text provides guidance for the use of Plan assets upon its termination. During the first twelve months immediately following the date of termination, benefits will continue to be paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Thereafter, the remaining Plan funds, after providing for expenses of the Plan, shall be used as follows:

- (i) Employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan shall have their disability benefits purchased from an insurance company under a single premium non-participating closed group long term disability contract, if such a contract is available in the market. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide full benefits under such a contract, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (ii) If such a contract is not available in the market, the funds available shall be allocated to employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan to the extent of the amount of the liabilities established by an actuary's valuation. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide the full amount of benefits as established by the actuary, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (iii) Any funds remaining after having made the allocations described above, shall be paid to 3sHealth for distribution for the benefit of eligible employees or as otherwise may be determined or directed by the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or disability obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets or financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, as determined by 3sHealth, are as follows:

(i) Investments

Investments are classified as held-for-trading and are recorded at fair value which is based on information provided by investment managers. The Plan holds a diversified investment portfolio of various pooled funds that invest in money market securities, bonds, real estate, Canadian equities, US equities, and Non-North American equities. The Plan also holds private equity investments in a US real estate fund and a global infrastructure fund (Note 6).

The Plan uses the accrual method for recording income and expenses. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date with identifiable transaction costs being expensed when incurred. Dividends and distributions are recognized when declared. Interest income is recorded using the effective interest method. Commingled fund distributions are recognized when declared. Commingled fund distributions are from a pooled fund that is invested in assets in multiple other funds, blended together as a single portfolio. Due to the structure of this fund, there are several types of income that can be distributed. Partnership income is earned in a private real estate fund and recognized when declared. Due to the nature of this investment, there are multiple types of income earned by the fund.

Gains and losses are recorded in revenues or expenses when realized and are determined with reference to the average cost of investments. Unrealized changes in fair value are determined with reference to the average cost of investments and are recorded in revenues or expenses for the period in which the change in the fair value occurs.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

a) *Financial instruments (continued)*

(ii) Cash, Accounts receivable and Accounts payable

Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value. Accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature.

b) *Foreign currency*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Canadian dollars using the transaction date exchange rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are adjusted to reflect exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses arising on the translation of monetary assets and liabilities or sale of investments are included in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

c) *Contributions – employees/employers*

Contributions are recognized as increases in net assets when due.

d) *Future disability obligations*

The future disability obligations represent the actuarial present value of accrued disability benefits at year end and include an actuarial calculation of disability claims incurred but not reported. Any resulting change in this obligation is recognized as an increase or decrease in the Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations.

e) *Recoveries*

Recoveries include amounts received from various external parties relating to disability overpayments made to claimants in the past. These revenues are recognized as revenue when received.

f) *Income taxes*

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

Disability benefits paid from the Plan are subject to source deductions that are withheld and remitted to the Canada Revenue Agency.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

g) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The only significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions is the determination of the provision for future disability obligations and Investment fair values. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

h) Amended standards not yet in effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- (i) Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans – improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027

The Plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in bond pooled funds.

Short-term investments consist of investments in an institutional short term investment fund, which invests in high quality short term debt obligations issued or guaranteed by Canadian governments, or issued by corporations with a maximum term to maturity of one year. The minimum acceptable credit rating for these investments is R-1 or equivalent. An R-1 rating is considered strong credit quality and indicates low risk of short term investment loss, as rated by a recognized bond rating agency. Earnings of this fund are reinvested within the same fund.

Investments in bond pooled funds consist of two active managed bond funds. Earnings in these funds are reinvested in each respective fund account on an annual basis. The bond funds consist of active managed funds which invest in bonds with a minimum credit rating of B at purchase and a 10% maximum of bonds rated below BBB (low).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Bond pooled funds	\$ 14,626,163	\$ 14,920,648
	\$ 14,626,163	\$ 14,920,648

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the potential non-payment of accounts receivable of \$903,296 (2024 – \$1,046,402) as these receivables are either from related parties or are collected shortly after year end.

Also included in the accounts receivable balance are amounts recoverable on paid claims in the amount of \$273,593 (2024 – \$224,397) which are subject to higher credit risk as these accounts are due from non-related parties to the Plan. These amounts are net of an allowance of \$124,555 (2024 - \$126,947).

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Plan's objective is to maintain sufficient assets to discharge future disability claim obligations and to generate cash flow required for disability payments.

The Plan closely manages operating liquidity through cash flow matching of assets and liabilities. The level of incoming contributions is reviewed regularly to ensure they support the existing claims. In cases when the contributions do not cover claims, the Plan will increase the contribution rates for employees and employers or do both. The Plan does not utilize lines of credit.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are:

- up to three months for accounts payable; and
- future disability obligations: zero to six months: \$5,427,719; seven to twelve months: \$4,200,216; year two: \$6,418,982; three to five years: \$12,917,616; over five years: \$22,942,399.

c) Real Estate and Infrastructure risk

Real estate and infrastructure risk is the risk of adverse consequences of changes in the market values of the real estate and infrastructure investments, due to the state of the economy or their geographic location. The Plan is invested in real estate pooled funds, a real estate equity fund, private equity real estate, and infrastructure. The Plan reduces this risk through diversification across types of buildings and geographic location.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets. Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income investments could change due to changes in interest rates.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change net assets by \$662,426 (2024 – \$697,950).

e) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk may impact the Plan's investment as it converts non-Canadian holdings of cash, infrastructure equity, real estate equity and pooled funds. During the year, there may be adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. The largest notional amount of foreign currency held by the Plan is US dollars with the remainder held in EAFE (Europe, Australasia and Far East) currencies. To mitigate currency risk, the Plan's investment policy allows up to 10% of the entire bond portfolio's market value to be invested in foreign currencies.

At December 31, 2025 a 10% change in the Canadian dollar to US dollar exchange rate would result in approximately a \$2,380,381 (2024 – \$2,818,679) change in net assets. A 10% change in the Canadian dollar to EAFE currencies exchange rate as at December 31, 2025 would result in approximately a \$2,087,113 (2024 – \$2,090,305) change in net assets.

f) Equity risk

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the value of equity investments due to changes in equity markets. To mitigate equity risk, the Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P) has investment policy guidelines in place that provide for prudent investment in equity markets within clearly defined limits. The Plan is exposed to changes in equity prices in Canadian, US and EAFE markets through its investments. Equity investments comprise approximately 47.14% (2024 – 43.71%) of the overall carrying value of the investments.

The approximate impact to the Plan's net assets and unrealized gain/losses on investments to a 10% change in equity prices is:

- \$1,045,336 (2024 – \$877,039) for changes in Canadian equities (S&P/TSX Composite Index);
- \$2,564,345 (2024 – \$2,591,335) for a change in Global pooled funds (MSCI AC World+ Index)

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate cash balance in order to pay current and future approved disability claims along with the related administrative expenses. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Plan's primary source of cash is the contributions received from its participating employees and employers. Neither of the participating employees/employers, nor

3sHealth contribute any other cash to the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year ended December 31, 2025.

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its SIP&P:

- The Plan limits credit risk by dealing with securities that are considered B-rated or higher as rated by recognized bond rating agencies;
- The SIP&P of the Plan requires the investment managers to minimize undue concentration of investments in any single geographic area, industry, or company;
- A requirement of the SIP&P is that the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment;
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees;

6. INVESTMENTS

	2025	2024
Bond pooled funds	\$ 14,626,163	\$ 14,920,648
Equities: Canadian Pooled Funds	10,453,359	8,770,391
Global Pooled Funds	25,643,452	25,913,349
Infrastructure	18,403,717	23,419,147
Real Estate	7,347,555	6,307,212
	\$ 76,474,246	\$ 79,330,747

Real estate investments include investments with private equity fund managers of \$2,308,711 (2024 - \$1,293,057) and the Plan is committed to further invest \$2,037,104 (2024 - \$3,398,815) in these private equity funds.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation. There was no change in levels at December 31, 2025.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the financial assets of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 1 basis of fair values with the exception of bond pooled funds, private equity, infrastructure and real estate. Fair values of bond pooled funds used Level 2 basis. Private equity, infrastructure and real estate used Level 3 basis of fair values.

Fair values are based on information provided by investment fund managers who use the following valuation techniques and inputs in determining fair value:

- equity pooled funds are based on the closing market prices for the underlying equity securities held at year end
- bond pooled funds values are based on bid prices from recognized security dealers for the underlying bonds held at year end
- real estate pooled funds are based on independent property appraisals for the underlying properties held
- private equity real estate is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices or market prices for similar assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent appraisals as appropriate.
- infrastructure fund is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices for similar infrastructure assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent infrastructure appraisals as appropriate.

Fair values of Level 3 investments involve various assumptions. Changes in the underlying assumptions will have an impact on the market value of the investments.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Balances by level are reflected as follows:

As at December 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 14,626,163	\$ -	\$ 14,626,163
Canadian pooled fund equities	10,453,359	-	-	10,453,359
Global pooled fund equities	25,643,452	-	-	25,643,452
Infrastructure	-	-	18,403,717	18,403,717
Real estate	-	-	7,347,555	7,347,555
Total	\$ 36,096,811	\$ 14,626,163	\$ 25,751,272	\$ 76,474,246

As at December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 14,920,648	\$ -	\$ 14,920,648
Canadian pooled fund equities	8,770,391	-	-	8,770,391
Global pooled fund equities	25,913,349	-	-	25,913,349
Infrastructure	-	-	23,419,147	23,419,147
Real estate	-	-	6,307,212	6,307,212
Total	\$ 34,683,740	\$ 14,920,648	\$ 29,726,359	\$ 79,330,747

2025 Fair Value measurement using Level 3 inputs			
	Real Estate	Infrastructure	Total
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 6,307,212	\$ 23,419,147	\$ 29,726,359
Purchases	1,243,470	-	1,243,470
Sales	-	(5,010,673)	(5,010,673)
Disbursements	-	(320,978)	(320,978)
Realized gain (loss)	(48,938)	63,682	14,744
Unrealized gain (loss)	(154,189)	252,539	98,350
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$ 7,347,555	\$ 18,403,717	\$ 25,751,272

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and employer contributions receivable are from related parties.

	2025	2024
Accounts receivable employers	\$ 451,648	\$ 523,201
Accounts receivable other	29	29
Accounts payable	498,272	716,604
Contributions revenue- employers	5,877,322	5,982,613
Recoveries	18,725	48,352
Administrative expenses	1,410,368	1,379,041

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS

The actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations is based on an actuarial valuation made as at December 31, 2025 by Convyta, an independent actuary, and consists of the following principal components:

	2025	2024
Liability for long term disability obligations	\$ 39,235,000	\$ 34,388,000
Claims incurred but not reported	3,714,000	3,554,000
Liability for bridge benefits	75,000	84,000
Liability for claims payment expenses	2,581,000	2,281,000
Actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations	\$ 45,605,000	\$ 40,307,000

The valuation of the accrued future disability obligations is based on a number of assumptions about future events. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were:

a) Interest rate

A valuation interest rate of 5.60% (2024 – 5.70%) per annum, net of investment expenses, was used representing a long-term estimate of the financial obligations of the Plan.

b) Termination rates

The termination rate assumptions are based on adjustments for the plans' experience applied to the graduated disability termination rates from the Canadian Group Long-Term Disability Termination Study, 2009 to 2015, as published by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

c) Incurred but not reported (IBNR)

The IBNR reserve is calculated by applying an IBNR rate of 30.0% (2024 – 30.0%) to the actuarial reserve for new LTD claims. The IBNR rate is determined using assumptions about the history and experience of the average number of claims incurred but not reported as at the valuation date. The IBNR rate includes individuals currently receiving bridge benefits but assumed to continue to LTD.

d) Actuarial reserve for bridge benefits

It is assumed that all plan members receiving a bridge benefit at the valuation date will receive bridge benefit payments for 9.0 weeks (2024 – 9.0 weeks). Individuals currently receiving bridge benefits but assumed to continue to LTD are included in the IBNR rate (Note 9 c).

e) Claims payment expenses

The liability for claims payment expenses considers the disability claims in payment and based on past experience is determined as 6.0% (2024 – 6.0%) of the total liability for accrued disability obligations.

f) Obligation offset

It is assumed that for some plan members, the obligation paid from the Plan would be offset by a disability obligation paid from external sources like the Canada Pension Plan (CPP), Workers' Compensation Board (WCB), Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI), or from other sources.

Disability obligation offset assumptions are based on a combination of:

- i. Potential benefit payments – CPP benefits are set by the Canada Pension Plan and have been updated to reflect 2026 amounts. Claimants that receive WCB/SGI benefits are assumed to have their gross LTD benefit fully offset
- ii. Offset approval rates – rates were determined through Approval Studies performed by Convyta on previous open claims (2010 to 2025).

The assumed offset approval rates are applied to the estimated benefit payment for each claimant not currently in receipt of CPP or WCB/SGI benefits.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – C.U.P.E.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The following illustrates the effect of changes in the interest rate and termination rate assumptions on the provision for future disability obligations:

- a 1% increase in the interest rate equals a 3.7% decrease in the provision while a 1% decrease in the interest rate results in a 4.1% increase to the provision.
- a 10% increase in the termination rate equals a 5.5% decrease in the provision while a 10% decrease in the termination rate results in a 6.3% increase to the provision.

10. CONTINGENCIES

The Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees and 3sHealth are named as defendants in certain lawsuits. Although the outcomes of such lawsuits are not determinable as of the date of these financial statements, in the opinion of management, they will not materially impact the Plan's operations, and no provision has been made for them in the accounts.

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Disability Income Plan – General**

December 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statements of changes in net assets available for benefits, and changes in future disability obligations for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General as at December 31, 2025, the changes in its net assets available for benefits, and changes in its future disability obligations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – General to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

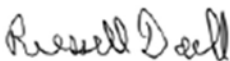
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024
Assets		
Investments (Note 4, 6)	\$ 61,166,309	\$ 60,422,947
Cash	1,415,164	631,546
Accounts receivable employees (Note 4)	359,930	359,253
Accounts receivable employers (Note 4, 8)	359,930	359,253
Accounts receivable other (Note 4, 8)	278,507	186,934
Total Assets	63,579,840	61,959,933
Liabilities		
Accounts payable (Note 4, 8)	473,683	662,203
Total Liabilities	473,683	662,203
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Statement 2)	63,106,157	61,297,730
Provision for future disability obligation (Note 9, Statement 3)	47,660,000	43,691,000
Surplus	\$ 15,446,157	\$ 17,606,730

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024
Increase in Net Assets		
Dividend income	\$ 508,010	\$ 455,703
Commingled fund income	1,243,195	841,454
Interest income	823,254	924,506
Partnership income	-	24,402
Realized gain on investments	2,915,915	1,355,465
Unrealized gain on investments	503,399	2,789,874
Contributions – Employees (Note 1)	4,536,971	4,337,232
Contributions – Employers (Note 1, 8)	4,536,971	4,337,232
Recoveries	550,682	207,053
Total Increase in Net Assets	15,618,397	15,272,921
Decrease in Net Assets		
Disability benefits	11,292,409	11,048,894
Administrative expenses (Note 8)	1,409,289	1,378,808
Consulting fees	386,007	352,970
Custodian fees	8,615	6,993
Fund management fees	533,174	415,494
Partnership loss	18,912	-
Professional fees	161,564	108,404
Total Decrease in Net Assets	13,809,970	13,311,563
Change in Net Assets for the Year	1,808,427	1,961,358
Net Assets Available for Benefits, Beginning of Year	61,297,730	59,336,372
Net Assets Available for Benefits, End of Year (Statement 1)	\$ 63,106,157	\$ 61,297,730

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General
Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations
For the year ended December 31

Statement 3

	2025	2024
Future Disability Obligations, Beginning of Year	\$ 43,691,000	\$ 43,661,000
Increase in Future Disability Obligations		
Interest accrued on benefits	2,407,000	2,436,000
New LTD claimants	15,940,000	9,173,000
Impact of experience loss	-	258,000
Impact of changes in benefits and data	1,000	-
Impact of change in assumptions	-	437,000
	18,348,000	12,304,000
Decrease in Future Disability Obligations		
Expected total benefits payments with interest	11,197,000	12,271,000
Impact of experience gain	2,724,000	-
Impact of changes in benefits and data	-	3,000
Impact of change in assumptions	458,000	-
	14,379,000	12,274,000
Net change in Future Disability Obligations	3,969,000	30,000
Future Disability Obligations, End of Year (Statement 1, Note 9)	\$ 47,660,000	\$ 43,691,000

See the accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Disability Income Plan – General (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

On January 12, 2015, the 3sHealth Board of Directors, as the Settlor of the Employee Benefit Plan Trusts, formalized the governance of the Trusts and appointed five individual Trustees by executing the ten Trust Agreements. On December 31, 2022, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect the appointment of an additional five independent Trustees selected from the community at large. The purpose of appointing independent Trustees was to ensure the Trusts were compliant with the Income Tax Act to transition from health and welfare trusts (HWT) to employee life and health trusts (ELHT). As a result of a collectively bargained letter of understanding, on October 12, 2023, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect joint governance and ten new Trustees were appointed: five employer appointed Trustees and five union appointed Trustees.

a) Effective date

The effective date of the Plan was January 1, 1975.

b) Purpose of plan

The Plan provides protection against total loss of income due to disability for all eligible employees and complements the sick leave plan of each participating employer. The Plan is designed to integrate with other disability programs (e.g. Canadian Pension Plan (CPP) and Worker's Compensation Board (WCB)). Eligible employees receive the following disability benefits:

- After an initial 119 day qualifying period, long term disability benefits equal to 75% of pre-disability regular gross monthly earnings.

c) Eligibility

Members of Health Sciences Association of Saskatchewan (HSAS), some grand-fathered members of S.E.I.U.-West, non-union government workers and out-of-scope employees, employed by 3sHealth participating health care organizations in the Province of Saskatchewan, who meet the eligibility requirements are enrolled in the Plan.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

d) Employers' and employees' contributions

The financial requirements of the Plan are measured on a continuous basis and adjustments to the contribution levels are made accordingly. The total monthly contribution at December 31, 2025 was 1.41% (2024 – 1.31%) of each eligible employee's normal earnings. For HSAS members, this is allocated to the employee as 0.65% (2024 - 0.60%) and to the employer 0.76% (2024 - 0.71%). For all other members, the contributions are shared equally between the employee and employer.

e) Termination of plan

The Plan text provides guidance for the use of Plan assets upon its termination. During the first twelve months immediately following the date of termination, benefits will continue to be paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Thereafter, the remaining Plan funds, after providing for expenses of the Plan, shall be used as follows:

- (i) Employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan shall have their disability benefits purchased from an insurance company under a single premium non-participating closed group long term disability contract, if such a contract is available in the market. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide full benefits under such a contract, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (ii) If such a contract is not available in the market, the funds available shall be allocated to employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan to the extent of the amount of the liabilities established by an actuary's valuation. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide the full amount of benefits as established by the actuary, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (iii) Any funds remaining after having made the allocations described above, shall be paid to 3sHealth for distribution for the benefit of eligible employees or as otherwise may be determined or directed by the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or disability obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets or financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, as determined by 3sHealth, are as follows:

(i) Investments

Investments are classified as held-for-trading and are recorded at fair value which is based on information provided by investment managers. The Plan holds a diversified investment portfolio of various pooled funds that invest in money market securities, bonds, real estate, Canadian equities, US equities, and Non-North American equities. The Plan also holds private equity investments in a US real estate fund and a global infrastructure fund (Note 6).

The Plan uses the accrual method for recording income and expenses. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date with identifiable transaction costs being expensed when incurred. Dividends and distributions are recognized when declared. Interest income is recorded using the effective interest method. Commingled fund distributions are recognized when declared. Commingled fund distributions are from a pooled fund that is invested in assets in multiple other funds, blended together as a single portfolio. Due to the structure of this fund, there are several types of income that can be distributed. Partnership income is earned in a private real estate fund and recognized when declared. Due to the nature of this investment, there are multiple types of income earned by the fund.

Gains and losses are recorded in revenues or expenses when realized and are determined with reference to the average cost of investments. Unrealized changes in fair value are determined with reference to the average cost of investments and are recorded in revenues or expenses for the period in which the change in the fair value occurs.

(ii) Cash, Accounts receivable and Accounts payable

Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value. Accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b) Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Canadian dollars using the transaction date exchange rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are adjusted to reflect exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses arising on the translation of monetary assets and liabilities or sale of investments are included in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

c) Contributions – employees/employers

Contributions are recognized as increases in net assets when due.

d) Future disability obligations

The future disability obligations represent the actuarial present value of accrued disability benefits at year end and include an actuarial calculation of disability claims incurred but not reported. Any resulting change in this obligation is recognized as an increase or decrease in the Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations.

e) Recoveries

Recoveries include amounts received from various external parties relating to disability overpayments made to claimants in the past. These revenues are recognized as revenue when received.

f) Income taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as a employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

Disability benefits paid from the Plan are subject to source deductions that are withheld and remitted to the Canada Revenue Agency.

g) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The only significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions is the determination of the provision for future disability obligations and Investment fair values. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

h) Amended standards not yet in effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- (i) Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans – improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027

The Plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in bond pooled funds.

Short-term investments consist of investments in an institutional short term investment fund, which invests in high quality short term debt obligations issued or guaranteed by Canadian governments, or issued by corporations with a maximum term to maturity of one year. The minimum acceptable credit rating for these investments is R-1 or equivalent. An R-1 rating is considered strong credit quality and indicates low risk of short term investment loss, as rated by a recognized bond rating agency. Earnings of this fund are reinvested within the same fund.

Investments in bond pooled funds consist of two active managed bond funds. Earnings in these funds are reinvested in each respective fund and distributed out to unit holders on an annual basis. The bond funds consist of active managed funds which invest in bonds with a minimum credit rating of B at purchase and a 10% maximum of bonds rated below BBB (low).

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Bond pooled funds	\$ 12,940,673	\$ 13,024,556
	\$ 12,940,673	\$ 13,024,556

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the potential non-payment of accounts receivable of \$719,860 (2024 – \$718,506) as these receivables are either from related parties or are collected shortly after year end.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) *Credit risk (continued)*

Also included in the accounts receivable balance are amounts recoverable on paid claims in the amount of \$261,499 (2024 – \$176,606) which are subject to higher credit risk as these accounts are due from non-related parties to the Plan. These amounts are net of an allowance of \$31,602 (2024 - \$33,780).

b) *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Plan's objective is to maintain sufficient assets to discharge future disability claim obligations and to generate cash flow required for disability payments.

The Plan closely manages operating liquidity through cash flow matching of assets and liabilities. The level of incoming contributions is reviewed regularly to ensure they support the existing claims. In cases when the contributions do not cover claims, the Plan will increase the contribution rates for employees and employers, or do both. The Plan does not utilize lines of credit.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are:

- up to three months for accounts payable; and
- future disability obligations: zero to six months: \$4,694,605; seven to twelve months: \$3,861,020; year two: \$6,199,495; three to five years: \$12,962,473; over five years: \$27,836,443

c) *Real Estate and Infrastructure Risk*

Real estate and infrastructure risk is the risk of adverse consequences of changes in the market values of the real estate and infrastructure investments, due to the state of the economy or their geographic location. The Plan is invested in real estate pooled funds, a real estate equity fund, private equity real estate, and infrastructure. The Plan reduces this risk through diversification across types of buildings and geographic location.

d) *Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets. Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income investments could change due to changes in interest rates.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change net assets and unrealized gains/losses on investments by \$585,708 (2024 – \$606,046).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

e) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk may impact the Plan's investment as it converts non-Canadian holdings of cash, infrastructure equity, real estate equity and pooled funds. During the year, there may be adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. The largest notional amount of foreign currency held by the Plan is US dollars with the remainder held in EAFE (Europe, Australasia and Far East) currencies. To mitigate currency risk, the Plan's investment policy allows up to 10% of the entire bond portfolio's market value to be invested in foreign currencies.

At December 31, 2025 a 10% change in the Canadian dollar to US dollar exchange rate would result in approximately a \$1,888,881 (2024 – \$2,079,561) change in net assets. A 10% change in the Canadian dollar to EAFE currencies exchange rate as at December 31, 2025 would result in approximately a \$1,633,376 (2024 – \$1,509,153) change in net assets.

f) Equity risk

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the value of equity investments due to changes in equity markets. To mitigate equity risk, the Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P) has investment policy guidelines in place that provide for prudent investment in equity markets within clearly defined limits. The Plan is exposed to changes in equity prices in Canadian, US and EAFE markets through its investments. Equity investments comprise approximately 46.55% (2024 – 43.26%) of the overall carrying value of the investments.

The approximate impact to the Plan's net assets and unrealized gain/losses on investments to a 10% change in equity prices is:

- \$764,941 (2024 – \$641,787) for changes in Canadian equities (S&P/TSX Composite Index);
- \$2,085,609 (2024 – \$1,972,405) for a change in Global pooled funds (MSCI AC World + Index)

5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate cash balance in order to pay current and future approved disability claims along with the related administrative expenses. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Plan's primary source of cash is the contributions received from the participating employees and employers. Neither of the participating employees/employers nor 3sHealth contribute any other cash to the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year ended December 31, 2025.

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its SIP&P:

- The Plan limits credit risk by dealing with securities that are considered B-rated or higher as rated by recognized bond rating agencies;
- The SIP&P of the Plan requires the investment managers to minimize undue concentration of investments in any single geographic area, industry, or company;
- A requirement of the SIP&P is that the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment;
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees;

6. INVESTMENTS

	2025	2024
Bond pooled funds	\$ 12,940,673	\$ 13,024,556
Equities:		
Canadian Pooled Funds	7,649,408	6,417,870
Global Pooled Funds	20,856,085	19,724,046
Infrastructure	14,073,349	16,366,790
Real Estate	5,646,794	4,889,685
	\$ 61,166,309	\$ 60,422,947

Real estate investments include investments with private equity fund managers of \$1,676,795 (2024 - \$939,137) and is committed to further invest \$1,479,529 (2024 - \$2,468,525) in these private equity funds.

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation. There was no change in levels at December 31, 2025.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

All fair values of the financial assets of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 1 basis of fair values with the exception of bond pooled funds, private equity, infrastructure and real estate. Fair values of bond pooled funds used Level 2 basis. Private equity, infrastructure and real estate used Level 3 basis of fair values.

Fair values are based on information provided by investment fund managers who use the following valuation techniques and inputs in determining fair value:

- equity pooled funds are based on the closing market prices for the underlying equity securities held at year end
- bond pooled funds values are based on bid prices from recognized security dealers for the underlying bonds held at year end
- real estate pooled funds are based on independent property appraisals for the underlying properties held
- private equity real estate is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices or market prices for similar assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent appraisals as appropriate.
- infrastructure fund is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices for similar infrastructure assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent infrastructure appraisals as appropriate.

Fair values of Level 3 investments involve various assumptions. Changes in the underlying assumptions will have an impact on the market value of the investments.

Balances by level are reflected as follows:

As at December 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 12,940,673	\$ -	\$ 12,940,673
Canadian pooled fund equities	7,649,408	-	-	7,649,408
Global pooled fund equities	20,856,085	-	-	20,856,085
Infrastructure	-	-	14,073,349	14,073,349
Real estate	-	-	5,646,794	5,646,794
Total	\$ 28,505,493	\$ 12,940,673	\$ 19,720,143	\$ 61,166,309

As at December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 13,024,556	\$ -	\$ 13,024,556
Canadian pooled fund equities	6,417,870	-	-	6,417,870
Global pooled fund equities	19,724,046	-	-	19,724,046
Infrastructure	-	-	16,366,790	16,366,790
Real estate	-	-	4,889,685	4,889,685
Total	\$ 26,141,916	\$ 13,024,556	\$ 21,256,475	\$ 60,422,947

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

	2025 Fair Value measurement using Level 3 inputs		
	Real Estate	Infrastructure	Total
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 4,889,685	\$ 16,366,790	\$ 21,256,475
Purchases	903,120	-	903,120
Sales	-	(2,627,632)	(2,627,632)
Disbursements	-	(224,320)	(224,320)
Realized gain (loss)	(35,542)	45,703	10,161
Unrealized gain (loss)	(110,469)	512,808	402,339
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$ 5,646,794	\$ 14,073,349	\$ 19,720,143

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and employer contributions receivable are from related parties.

	2025	2024
Accounts receivable employers	\$ 359,930	\$ 359,253
Accounts receivable other	14,521	7,390
Accounts payable	394,794	557,887
Contributions revenue employers	4,536,971	4,337,232
Recoveries	133,040	25,883
Administrative expenses	1,409,289	1,378,808

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS

The actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations is based on an actuarial valuation made as at December 31, 2025 by Convyta, an independent actuary, and consists of the following principal components:

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

	2025	2024
Liability for long term disability obligations	\$ 40,260,000	\$ 36,586,000
Claims incurred but not reported	3,694,000	3,733,000
Liability for claims payment expenses	3,516,000	3,226,000
Liability for large claims	190,000	146,000
Actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations	\$ 47,660,000	\$ 43,691,000

The valuation of the accrued future disability obligations is based on a number of assumptions about future events. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were:

a) Interest rate

A valuation interest rate of 5.60% (2024 – 5.70%) per annum, net of investment expenses, was used representing a long-term estimate of the financial obligations of the Plan.

b) Termination rates

The termination rate assumptions are based on adjustments for the plans' experience applied to the graduated disability termination rates from the Canadian Group Long-Term Disability Termination Study, 2009 to 2015, as published by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

c) Incurred but not reported (IBNR)

The IBNR reserve is calculated by applying an IBNR rate of 35.0% (2024 – 35.0%) to the actuarial reserve for new LTD claims. The IBNR rate is determined using assumptions about the history and experience of the average number of claims incurred but not reported as at the valuation date.

d) Claims payment expenses

The liability for claims payment expenses considers the disability claims in payment and based on past experience, is determined as 8.0% (2024 – 8.0%) of the total liability for accrued disability obligations.

e) Obligation offset

It is assumed that for some plan members, the obligation paid from the Plan would be offset by a disability obligation paid from external sources like the Canada Pension Plan (CPP), Workers' Compensation Board (WCB), Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI), or from other sources.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – General

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Disability obligation offset assumptions used in the current valuation are based on a combination of:

- i. Potential benefit payments – CPP benefits are set by the Canada Pension Plan and have been updated to reflect 2026 amounts. Claimants that receive WCB/SGI benefits are assumed to have their gross LTD benefit fully offset
- ii. Offset approval rates – rates were determined through Approval Studies performed by Convya on previous open claims (2010 to 2025).

The assumed offset approval rates are applied to the estimated benefit payment for each claimant not currently in receipt of CPP or WCB/SGI benefits.

The following illustrates the effect of changes in the interest rate and termination rate assumptions:

- a 1% increase in the interest rate equals a 4.2% decrease in the provision while a 1% decrease in the interest rate results in a 4.7% increase to the provision.
- a 10% increase in the termination rate equals a 4.6% decrease in the provision while a 10% decrease in the termination rate results in a 5.2% increase to the provision.

10. CONTINGENCIES

The Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees and 3sHealth are named as defendants in certain lawsuits. Although the outcomes of such lawsuits are not determinable as of the date of these financial statements, in the opinion of management, they will not materially impact the Plan's operations, and no provision has been made for them in the accounts.

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. - West**

December 31, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statements of changes in net assets available for benefits, and changes in future disability obligations for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West as at December 31, 2025, the changes in its net assets available for benefits, and changes in its future disability obligations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.E.I.U. – West to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

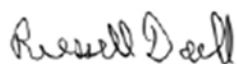
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024
Assets		
Investments (Note 4, 6)	\$ 51,218,807	\$ 53,067,969
Cash	1,465,760	239,817
Accounts receivable employees (Note 4)	406,040	429,642
Accounts receivable employers (Note 4, 8)	406,040	429,642
Accounts receivable other (Note 4, 8)	254,126	159,478
Total Assets	53,750,773	54,326,548
Liabilities		
Accounts payable (Note 4, 8)	631,012	920,482
Total Liabilities	631,012	920,482
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Statement 2)	53,119,761	53,406,066
Provision for future disability obligation (Note 9, Statement 3)	36,689,000	33,949,000
Surplus	\$ 16,430,761	\$ 19,457,066

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.E.I.U. - West
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024
Increase in Net Assets		
Dividend income	\$ 451,010	\$ 408,607
Commingled fund income	1,050,819	716,628
Interest income	647,375	812,121
Partnership income	-	19,787
Realized gain on investments	3,015,030	1,228,256
Unrealized gain on investments	69,451	2,450,914
Contributions – Employees (Note 1)	5,193,636	5,164,166
Contributions – Employers (Note 1, 8)	5,193,636	5,164,166
Recoveries	891,963	654,024
Total Increase in Net Assets	16,512,920	16,618,669
Decrease in Net Assets		
Disability benefits	13,899,717	14,101,296
Administrative expenses (Note 8)	1,409,699	1,379,069
Consulting fees	751,610	700,997
Custodian fees	8,706	6,677
Fund management fees	501,190	389,239
Professional fees	209,425	298,472
Partnership loss	18,878	-
Total Decrease in Net Assets	16,799,225	16,875,750
Change in Net Assets for the Year	(286,305)	(257,081)
Net Assets Available for Benefits, Beginning of Year	53,406,066	53,663,147
Net Assets Available for Benefits, End of Year	\$ 53,119,761	\$ 53,406,066
(Statement 1)		

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.E.I.U. - West
Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations
For the year ended December 31

Statement 3

	2025	2024
Future Disability Obligations, Beginning of Year	\$ 33,949,000	\$ 31,477,000
Increase in Future Disability Obligations		
Interest accrued on benefits	1,769,000	1,699,000
New Bridge & LTD claimants	13,595,000	11,622,000
Impact of experience losses	2,112,000	4,068,000
Impact of change in assumptions	610,000	-
Impact of changes in benefits and data	1,000	-
	18,087,000	17,389,000
Decrease in Future Disability Obligations		
Expected total benefits payments with interest	15,347,000	14,545,000
Impact of change in assumptions	-	371,000
Impact of changes in benefits and data	-	1,000
	15,347,000	14,917,000
Net change in Future Disability Obligations	2,740,000	2,472,000
Future Disability Obligations, End of year (Statement 1, Note 9)	\$ 36,689,000	\$ 33,949,000

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Disability Income Plan – Service Employees International Union – West (S.E.I.U. - West) (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

On January 12, 2015, the 3sHealth Board of Directors, as the Settlor of the Employee Benefit Plan Trusts, formalized the governance of the Trusts and appointed five individual Trustees by executing the ten Trust Agreements. On December 31, 2022, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect the appointment of an additional five independent Trustees selected from the community at large. The purpose of appointing independent Trustees was to ensure the Trusts were compliant with the Income Tax Act to transition from health and welfare trusts (HWT) to employee life and health trusts (ELHT). As a result of a collectively bargained letter of understanding, on October 12, 2023, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect joint governance and ten new Trustees were appointed: five employer appointed Trustees and five union appointed Trustees.

a) Effective date

The effective date of the Plan was January 1, 1975.

b) Purpose of plan

The Plan provides protection against total loss of income due to disability for all eligible employees and complements the sick leave plan of each participating employer. The Plan is designed to integrate with other disability programs (e.g. Canadian Pension Plan (CPP) and Worker's Compensation Board (WCB)). Eligible employees receive the following disability benefits:

- During the initial 119 day qualifying period following disability, bridge benefits equal to 66 2/3% of pre-disability regular gross weekly earnings.
- After the initial 119 day qualifying period, long term disability benefits equal to 60% of pre-disability regular gross monthly earnings.

c) Eligibility

Members of S.E.I.U. – West, employed by 3sHealth participating health care organizations in the Province of Saskatchewan, who meet the eligibility requirements are enrolled in the Plan.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

d) Employers' and employees' contributions

The financial requirements of the Plan are measured on a continuous basis and adjustments to the contribution levels are made accordingly. The total monthly contribution rate at December 31, 2025 was 2.49% (2024 – 2.43%) of each eligible employee's normal earnings which is shared equally between the employee and employer. The increase in contribution rate became effective July 27, 2025.

e) Termination of plan

The Plan text provides guidance for the use of Plan assets upon its termination. During the first twelve months immediately following the date of termination, benefits will continue to be paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Thereafter, the remaining Plan funds, after providing for expenses of the Plan, shall be used as follows:

- (i) Employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan shall have their disability benefits purchased from an insurance company under a single premium non-participating closed group long term disability contract, if such a contract is available in the market. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide full benefits under such a contract, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (ii) If such a contract is not available in the market, the funds available shall be allocated to employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan to the extent of the amount of the liabilities established by an actuary's valuation. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide the full amount of benefits as established by the actuary, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (iii) Any funds remaining after having made the allocations described above, shall be paid to 3sHealth for distribution for the benefit of eligible employees or as otherwise may be determined or directed by the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or disability obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets or financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, as determined by 3sHealth, are as follows:

(i) Investments

Investments are classified as held-for-trading and are recorded at fair value which is based on information provided by investment managers. The Plan holds a diversified investment portfolio of various pooled funds that invest in money market securities, bonds, real estate, Canadian equities, US equities, and Non-North American equities. The Plan also holds private equity investments in a US real estate fund and a global infrastructure fund (Note 6).

The Plan uses the accrual method for recording income and expenses. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date with identifiable transaction costs being expensed when incurred. Dividends and distributions are recognized when declared. Interest income is recorded using the effective interest method. Commingled fund distributions are recognized when declared. Commingled fund distributions are from a pooled fund that is invested in assets in multiple other funds, blended together as a single portfolio. Due to the structure of this fund, there are several types of income that can be distributed. Partnership income is earned in a private real estate fund and recognized when declared. Due to the nature of this investment, there are multiple types of income earned by the fund.

Gains and losses are recorded in revenues or expenses when realized and are determined with reference to the average cost of investments. Unrealized changes in fair value are determined with reference to the average cost of investments and are recorded in revenues or expenses for the period in which the change in the fair value occurs.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

a) *Financial instruments (continued)*

(ii) Cash, Accounts receivable and Accounts payable

Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value. Accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature.

b) *Foreign currency*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Canadian dollars using the transaction date exchange rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are adjusted to reflect exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses arising on the translation of monetary assets and liabilities or sale of investments are included in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

c) *Contributions – employees/employers*

Contributions are recognized as increases in net assets when due.

d) *Future disability obligations*

The future disability obligations represents the actuarial present value of accrued disability benefits at year end and includes an actuarial calculation of disability claims incurred but not reported. Any resulting change in this obligation is recognized as an increase or decrease in the Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations.

e) *Recoveries*

Recoveries include amounts received from various external parties relating to disability overpayments made to claimants in the past. These revenues are recognized as revenue when received.

f) *Income taxes*

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

Disability benefits paid from the Plan are subject to source deductions that are withheld and remitted to the Canada Revenue Agency.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

g) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The only significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions is the determination of the provision for future disability obligations and Investment fair values. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

h) Amended standards not yet in effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- (i) Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans – improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027

The Plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in bond pooled funds.

Short-term investments consist of investments in an institutional short term investment fund, which invests in high quality short term debt obligations issued or guaranteed by Canadian governments, or issued by corporations with a maximum term to maturity of one year. The minimum acceptable credit rating for these investments is R-1 or equivalent. An R-1 rating is considered strong credit quality and indicates low risk of short term investment loss, as rated by a recognized bond rating agency. Earnings of this fund are reinvested within the same fund.

Investments in bond pooled funds consist of two active managed bond funds. Earnings in these funds are reinvested in each respective fund on an annual basis. The bond funds consist of active managed funds which invest in bonds with a minimum credit rating of B at purchase and a 10% maximum of bonds rated below BBB (low).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Bond pooled funds	\$ 8,833,636	\$ 9,837,156
	\$ 8,833,636	\$ 9,837,156

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the potential non-payment of accounts receivable of \$812,080 (2024 – \$859,284) as these receivables are either from related parties or are collected shortly after year end.

Also included in the accounts receivable balance are amounts recoverable on paid claims in the amount of \$230,978 (2024 – \$157,052) which are subject to higher credit risk as these accounts are due from non-related parties to the Plan. These amounts are net of an allowance of \$185,778 (2024 - \$211,501).

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Plan's objective is to maintain sufficient assets to discharge future disability claim obligations and to generate cash flow required for disability payments.

The Plan closely manages operating liquidity through cash flow matching of assets and liabilities. The level of incoming contributions is reviewed regularly to ensure they support the existing claims. In cases when the contributions do not cover claims, the Plan will increase the contribution rates for employees and employers, or do both. The Plan does not utilize lines of credit.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are:

- up to three months for accounts payable; and
- future disability obligations: zero to six months: \$4,037,115; seven to twelve months: \$3,210,152; year two: \$4,986,214; three to five years: \$10,107,111; over five years: \$19,656,875.

c) Real Estate and Infrastructure Risk

Real estate and infrastructure risk is the risk of adverse consequences of changes in the market values of the real estate and infrastructure investments, due to the state of the economy or their geographic location. The Plan is invested in real estate pooled funds, a real estate equity fund, private equity real estate, and infrastructure. The Plan reduces this risk through diversification across types of buildings and geographic location.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets. Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income investments could change due to changes in interest rates.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change net assets by \$399,974 (2024 – \$453,549).

e) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk may impact the Plan's investment as it converts non-Canadian holdings of cash, infrastructure equity, real estate equity and pooled funds. During the year, there may be adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. The largest notional amount of foreign currency held by the Plan is US dollars with the remainder held in EAFE (Europe, Australasia and Far East) currencies. To mitigate currency risk, the Plan's investment policy allows up to 10% of the entire bond portfolio's market value to be invested in foreign currencies.

At December 31, 2025 a 10% change in the Canadian dollar to US dollar exchange rate would result in approximately a \$1,625,573 (2024 – \$1,862,759) change in net assets. A 10% change in the Canadian dollar to EAFE currencies exchange rate as at December 31, 2025 would result in approximately a \$1,404,789 (2024 – \$1,382,815) change in net assets.

f) Equity risk

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the value of equity investments due to changes in equity markets. To mitigate equity risk, the Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P) has investment policy guidelines in place that provide for prudent investment in equity markets within clearly defined limits. The Plan is exposed to changes in equity prices in Canadian, US and EAFE markets through its investments. Equity investments comprise approximately 48.10% (2024 – 42.95%) of the overall carrying value of the investments.

The approximate impact to the Plan's net assets and unrealized gains/losses on investments to a 10% change in equity prices is:

- \$709,553 (2024 – \$595,316) for changes in Canadian equities (S&P/TSX Composite Index);
- \$1,757,043 (2024 – \$1,684,018) for a change in Global pooled funds (MSCI AC World + Index)

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate cash balance in order to pay current and future approved disability claims along with the related administrative expenses. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Plan's primary source of cash is the contributions received from the participating employees and employers. Neither of the participating employees/employers nor 3sHealth contribute any other cash to the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year ended December 31, 2025.

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its SIP&P:

- The Plan limits credit risk by dealing with securities that are considered B-rated or higher as rated by recognized bond rating agencies;
- The SIP&P of the Plan requires the investment managers to minimize undue concentration of investments in any single geographic area, industry, or company;
- A requirement of the SIP&P is that the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment;
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees;

6. INVESTMENTS

		2025	2024
Bond pooled funds		\$ 8,833,636	\$ 9,837,156
Equities:	Canadian Pooled Funds	7,095,530	5,953,165
	Global Pooled Funds	17,570,434	16,840,184
Infrastructure		12,228,228	15,701,474
Real Estate		5,490,979	4,735,990
		\$ 51,218,807	\$ 53,067,969

Real estate investments include investments with private equity fund managers of \$1,673,673 (2024 - \$937,387) and is committed to further invest \$1,476,777 (2024 - \$2,463,933) in these private equity funds.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation. There was no change in levels at December 31, 2025.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the financial assets of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 1 basis of fair values with the exception of bond pooled funds, private equity, infrastructure and real estate. Fair values of bond pooled funds used Level 2 basis. Private equity, infrastructure and real estate used Level 3 basis of fair values.

Fair values are based on information provided by investment fund managers who use the following valuation techniques and inputs in determining fair value:

- equity pooled funds are based on the closing market prices for the underlying equity securities held at year end
- bond pooled funds values are based on bid prices from recognized security dealers for the underlying bonds held at year end
- real estate pooled funds are based on independent property appraisals for the underlying properties held
- private equity real estate is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices or market prices for similar assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent appraisals as appropriate.
- infrastructure fund is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices for similar infrastructure assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent infrastructure appraisals as appropriate.

Fair values of Level 3 investments involve various assumptions. Changes in the underlying assumptions will have an impact on the market value of the investments.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Balances by level are reflected as follows:

As at December 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 8,833,636	\$ -	\$ 8,833,636
Canadian pooled fund equities	7,095,530	-	-	7,095,530
Global pooled fund equities	17,570,434	-	-	17,570,434
Infrastructure	-	-	12,228,228	12,228,228
Real estate	-	-	5,490,979	5,490,979
Total	\$ 24,665,964	\$ 8,833,636	\$ 17,719,207	\$ 51,218,807

As at December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 9,837,156	\$ -	\$ 9,837,156
Canadian pooled fund equities	5,953,165	-	-	5,953,165
Global pooled fund equities	16,840,184	-	-	16,840,184
Infrastructure	-	-	15,701,474	15,701,474
Real estate	-	-	4,735,990	4,735,990
Total	\$ 22,793,349	\$ 9,837,156	\$ 20,437,464	\$ 53,067,969

2025 Fair Value measurement using Level 3 inputs			
	Real Estate	Infrastructure	Total
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 4,735,990	\$ 15,701,474	\$ 20,437,464
Purchases	901,440	-	901,440
Sales	-	(3,454,352)	(3,454,352)
Disbursements	-	(215,201)	(215,201)
Realized gain (loss)	(35,477)	42,586	7,109
Unrealized gain (loss)	(110,974)	153,721	42,747
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$ 5,490,979	\$ 12,228,228	\$ 17,719,207

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and employer contributions receivable are from related parties.

	2025	2024
Accounts receivable employers	\$ 406,040	\$ 429,642
Accounts receivable other	20,398	-
Accounts payable	494,383	695,793
Contributions revenue employers	5,193,636	5,164,166
Recoveries	85,018	19,172
Administrative expenses	1,409,699	1,379,069

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS

The actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations is based on an actuarial valuation made as at December 31, 2025 by Convyta, an independent actuary, and consists of the following principal components:

	2025	2024
Liability for long term disability obligations	\$ 31,203,000	\$ 28,825,000
Claims incurred but not reported	2,722,000	2,847,000
Liability for bridge benefits	46,000	56,000
Liability for claims payment expenses	2,718,000	2,221,000
Actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations	\$ 36,689,000	\$ 33,949,000

The valuation of the accrued future disability obligations is based on a number of assumptions about future events. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were:

a) Interest rate

A valuation interest rate of 5.6% (2024 – 5.7%) per annum, net of investment expenses, was used representing a long-term estimate of the financial obligations of the Plan.

b) Termination rates

The termination rate assumptions are based on adjustments for the plans' experience applied to the graduated disability termination rates from the Canadian Group Long-Term Disability Termination Study, 2009 to 2015, as published by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN –S.E.I.U. - West

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

c) Incurred but not reported (IBNR)

The IBNR reserve is calculated by applying an IBNR rate of 30.0% (2024 – 30.0%) to the actuarial reserve for new LTD claims. The IBNR rate is determined using assumptions about the history and experience of the average number of claims incurred but not reported as at the valuation date. The IBNR rate includes individuals currently receiving bridge benefits but assumed to continue to LTD.

d) Actuarial reserve for bridge benefits

It is assumed that all plan members receiving a bridge benefit at the valuation date will receive bridge benefit payments for 9.0 weeks (2024 – 9.5 weeks). Individuals currently receiving bridge benefits but assumed to continue to LTD are included in the IBNR rate (Note 9 c).

e) Claims payment expenses

The liability for claims payment expenses considers the disability claims in payment and based on past experience is determined as 8.0% (2024 – 7.0%) of the total liability for accrued disability obligations.

f) Obligation offset

It is assumed that for some plan members, the obligation paid from the Plan would be offset by a disability obligation paid from external sources like the Canada Pension Plan (CPP), Workers' Compensation Board (WCB), Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI), or from other sources.

Disability obligation offset assumptions used in the current valuation are based on a combination of:

- i. Potential benefit payments – CPP benefits are set by the Canada Pension Plan and have been updated to reflect 2026 amounts. Claimants that receive WCB/SGI benefits are assumed to have their gross LTD benefit fully offset
- ii. Offset approval rates – rates were determined through Approval Studies performed by Convyta on previous open claims (2010 to 2025).

The assumed offset approval rates are applied to the estimated benefit payment for each claimant not currently in receipt of CPP or WCB/SGI benefits.

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The following illustrates the effect of changes in the interest rate and termination rate assumptions:

- a 1% increase in the interest rate equals a 3.9% decrease in the provision while a 1% decrease in the interest rate results in a 4.3% increase to the provision.
- a 10% increase in the termination rate equals a 5.0% decrease in the provision while a 10% decrease in the termination rate results in a 5.7% increase to the provision.

10. CONTINGENCIES

The Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees and 3sHealth are named as defendants in certain lawsuits. Although the outcomes of such lawsuits are not determinable as of the date of these financial statements, in the opinion of management, they will not materially impact the Plan's operations, and no provision has been made for them in the accounts.

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Disability Income Plan – S.U.N.**

December 31, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N., which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statements of changes in net assets available for benefits, and changes in future disability obligations for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N. as at December 31, 2025, the changes in its net assets available for benefits, and changes in its future disability obligations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N. in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N.'s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N. or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N.'s financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N.'s internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N.'s ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Disability Income Plan – S.U.N. to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

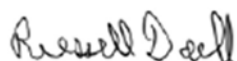
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

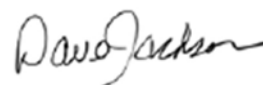
	2025	2024
Assets		
Investments (Note 4, 6)	\$ 95,167,538	\$ 92,370,663
Cash	1,556,782	530,521
Accounts receivable employees (Note 4)	486,166	468,436
Accounts receivable employers (Note 4, 8)	570,717	549,903
Accounts receivable other (Note 4, 8)	125,931	150,319
Total Assets	97,907,134	94,069,842
Liabilities		
Accounts payable (Note 4, 8)	514,812	756,624
Total Liabilities	514,812	756,624
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Statement 2)	97,392,322	93,313,218
Provision for future disability obligation (Note 9, Statement 3)	71,092,000	64,858,000
Surplus	\$ 26,300,322	\$ 28,455,218

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024
Increase in Net Assets		
Dividend income	\$ 826,257	\$ 738,913
Commingled fund income	1,947,878	1,297,457
Interest income	1,230,657	1,359,124
Partnership income	-	35,245
Realized gain on investments	4,067,721	2,130,897
Unrealized gain on investments	1,350,913	4,401,475
Contributions – Employees (Note 1)	6,083,754	5,387,786
Contributions – Employers (Note 1, 8)	7,141,799	6,324,792
Recoveries	760,821	411,243
Total Increase in Net Assets	23,409,800	22,086,932
Decrease in Net Assets		
Disability benefits	16,460,727	15,218,779
Administrative expenses (Note 8)	1,410,860	1,378,484
Consulting fees	469,505	352,465
Custodian fees	10,775	8,539
Fund management fees	817,738	626,603
Professional fees	133,775	151,269
Partnership loss	27,316	-
Total Decrease in Net Assets	19,330,696	17,736,139
Change in Net Assets for the Year	4,079,104	4,350,793
Net Assets Available for Benefits, Beginning of Year	93,313,218	88,962,425
Net Assets Available for Benefits, End of Year (Statement 1)	\$ 97,392,322	\$ 93,313,218

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.
Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations
For the year ended December 31

Statement 3

	2025	2024
Future Disability Obligations, Beginning of Year	\$ 64,858,000	\$ 59,782,000
Increase in Future Disability Obligations		
Interest accrued on benefits	3,552,000	3,366,000
New LTD claimants	15,418,000	10,050,000
Impact of experience loss	3,418,000	7,212,000
Impact of change in assumptions	1,598,000	648,000
	23,986,000	21,276,000
Decrease in Future Disability Obligations		
Expected total benefits payments with interest	17,750,000	16,198,000
Impact of changes in benefits and data	2,000	2,000
Impact of change in assumptions	-	-
	17,752,000	16,200,000
Net change in Future Disability Obligations	6,234,000	5,076,000
Future Disability Obligations, End of Year (Statement 1, Note 9)	\$ 71,092,000	\$ 64,858,000

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Disability Income Plan – Saskatchewan Union of Nurses (S.U.N.) (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

On January 12, 2015, the 3sHealth Board of Directors, as the Settlor of the Employee Benefit Plan Trusts, formalized the governance of the Trusts and appointed five individual Trustees by executing the ten Trust Agreements. On December 31, 2022, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect the appointment of an additional five independent Trustees selected from the community at large. The purpose of appointing independent Trustees was to ensure the Trusts were compliant with the Income Tax Act to transition from health and welfare trusts (HWT) to employee life and health trusts (ELHT). As a result of a collectively bargained letter of understanding, on October 12, 2023, the ten Trust Agreements were amended to reflect joint governance and ten new Trustees were appointed: five employer appointed Trustees and five union appointed Trustees.

a) Effective date

The effective date of the Plan was October 1, 1982.

b) Purpose of plan

The Plan provides protection against total loss of income due to disability for all eligible employees and complements the sick leave plan of each participating employer. The Plan is designed to integrate with other disability programs (e.g. Canadian Pension Plan (CPP) and Worker's Compensation Board (WCB)). Eligible employees receive the following disability benefits:

- After an initial 119 day qualifying period, long term disability benefits equal to 75% of pre-disability regular gross monthly earnings.

c) Eligibility

Members of S.U.N., employed by 3sHealth participating health care organizations in the Province of Saskatchewan, who meet the eligibility requirements are enrolled in the Plan.

d) Employers' and employees' contributions

The financial requirements of the Plan are measured on a continuous basis and adjustments to the contribution levels are made accordingly. The total monthly contribution rate at December 31, 2025 was 1.66% (2024 – 1.57%) of each eligible employee's normal earnings which is allocated to the employee as 0.76% (2024 – 0.72%) and to the employer as 0.90% (2024 – 0.85%).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

e) Termination of plan

The Plan text provides guidance for the use of Plan assets upon its termination. During the first twelve months immediately following the date of termination, benefits will continue to be paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Thereafter, the remaining Plan funds, after providing for expenses of the Plan, shall be used as follows:

- (i) Employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan shall have their disability benefits purchased from an insurance company under a single premium non-participating closed group long term disability contract, if such a contract is available in the market. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide full benefits under such a contract, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (ii) If such a contract is not available in the market, the funds available shall be allocated to employees receiving disability benefits under the Plan to the extent of the amount of the liabilities established by an actuary's valuation. If the funds remaining are not sufficient to provide the full amount of benefits as established by the actuary, the funds available shall be allocated proportionately.
- (iii) Any funds remaining after having made the allocations described above, shall be paid to 3sHealth for distribution for the benefit of eligible employees or as otherwise may be determined or directed by the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or disability obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets or financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, as determined by 3sHealth, are as follows:

(i) Investments

Investments are classified as held-for-trading and are recorded at fair value which is based on information provided by investment managers. The Plan holds a diversified investment portfolio of various pooled funds that invest in money market securities, bonds, real estate, Canadian equities, US equities, and Non-North American equities. The Plan also holds private equity investments in a US real estate fund and a global infrastructure fund (Note 6).

The Plan uses the accrual method for recording income and expenses. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date with identifiable transaction costs being expensed when incurred. Dividends and distributions are recognized when declared. Interest income is recorded using the effective interest method. Commingled fund distributions are recognized when declared. Commingled fund distributions are from a pooled fund that is invested in assets in multiple other funds, blended together as a single portfolio. Due to the structure of this fund, there are several types of income that can be distributed. Partnership income is earned in a private real estate fund and recognized when declared. Due to the nature of this investment, there are multiple types of income earned by the fund.

Gains and losses are recorded in revenues or expenses when realized and are determined with reference to the average cost of investments. Unrealized changes in fair value are determined with reference to the average cost of investments and are recorded in revenues or expenses for the period in which the change in the fair value occurs.

(ii) Cash, Accounts receivable and Accounts payable

Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value. Accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b) Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Canadian dollars using the transaction date exchange rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are adjusted to reflect exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses arising on the translation of monetary assets and liabilities or sale of investments are included in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

c) Contributions – employees/employers

Contributions are recognized as increases in net assets when due.

d) Future disability obligations

The future disability obligations represent the actuarial present value of accrued disability benefits at year end and include an actuarial calculation of disability claims incurred but not reported. Any resulting change in this obligation is recognized as an increase or decrease in the Statement of Changes in Future Disability Obligations.

e) Recoveries

Recoveries include amounts received from various external parties relating to disability overpayments made to claimants in the past. These revenues are recognized as revenue when received.

f) Income taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as a employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

Disability benefits paid from the Plan are subject to source deductions that are withheld and remitted to the Canada Revenue Agency.

g) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The only significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions is the determination of the provision for future disability obligations and Investment fair values. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

h) Amended standards not yet in effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- (i) Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans – improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027

The Plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in bond pooled funds.

Short-term investments consist of investments in an institutional short term investment fund, which invests in high-quality short-term debt obligations issued or guaranteed by Canadian governments or issued by corporations with a maximum term to maturity of one year. The minimum acceptable credit rating for these investments is R-1 or equivalent. An R-1 rating is considered strong credit quality and indicates low risk of short-term investment loss, as rated by a recognized bond rating agency. Earnings of this fund are reinvested within the same fund.

Investments in bond pooled funds consist of two active managed bond funds. Earnings in these funds are reinvested in each respective fund and distributed to unit holders on an annual basis. The bond funds consist of active managed funds which invest in bonds with a minimum credit rating of B at purchase and a 10% maximum of bonds rated below BBB (low).

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Bond pooled funds	\$ 18,666,470	\$ 19,885,289
	\$ 18,666,470	\$ 19,885,289

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the potential non-payment of accounts receivable of \$1,056,883 (2024 – \$1,018,339) as these receivables are either from related parties or are collected shortly after year end.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) *Credit risk (continued)*

Also included in the accounts receivable balance are amounts recoverable on paid claims in the amount of \$121,613 (2024 – \$146,681) which are subject to higher credit risk as these accounts are due from non-related parties to the Plan. These amounts are net of an allowance of \$38,670 (2024 - \$16,265).

b) *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Plan's objective is to maintain sufficient assets to discharge future disability claim obligations and to generate cash flow required for disability payments.

The Plan closely manages operating liquidity through cash flow matching of assets and liabilities. The level of incoming contributions is reviewed regularly to ensure they support the existing claims. In cases when the contributions do not cover claims, the Plan will increase the contribution rates for employees and employers or do both. The Plan does not utilize lines of credit.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are:

- up to three months for accounts payable; and
- future disability obligations: zero to six months: \$6,916,508; seven to twelve months: \$5,636,070; year two: \$8,949,987; three to five years: \$19,440,903; over five years: \$45,922,456

c) *Real Estate and Infrastructure Risk*

Real estate and infrastructure risk is the risk of adverse consequences of changes in the market values of the real estate and infrastructure investments, due to the state of the economy or their geographic location. The Plan is invested in real estate pooled funds, a real estate equity fund, private equity real estate, and infrastructure. The Plan reduces this risk through diversification across types of buildings and geographic location.

d) *Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets. Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income investments could change due to changes in interest rates.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change net assets by \$844,419 (2024 – \$914,952).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

e) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk may impact the Plan's investment as it converts non-Canadian holdings of cash, infrastructure equity, real estate equity and pooled funds. During the year, there may be adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. The largest notional amount of foreign currency held by the Plan is US dollars with the remainder held in EAFE (Europe, Australasia and Far East) currencies. To mitigate currency risk, the Plan's investment policy allows up to 10% of the entire bond portfolio's market value to be invested in foreign currencies.

At December 31, 2025 a 10% change in the Canadian dollar to US dollar exchange rate would result in approximately a \$2,989,747 (2024 – \$3,164,739) change in net assets. A 10% change in the Canadian dollar to EAFE currencies exchange rate as at December 31, 2025 would result in approximately a \$2,584,454 (2024 – \$2,262,161) change in net assets.

f) Equity risk

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the value of equity investments due to changes in equity markets. To mitigate equity risk, the Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P) has investment policy guidelines in place that provide for prudent investment in equity markets within clearly defined limits. The Plan is exposed to changes in equity prices in Canadian, US and EAFE markets through its investments. Equity investments comprise approximately 48.91% (2024 – 45.40%) of the overall carrying value of the investments.

The approximate impact to the Plan's net assets and unrealized gain/losses on investments to a 10% change in equity prices is:

- \$1,277,506 (2024 – \$1,071,830) for changes in Canadian equities (S&P/TSX Composite Index);
- \$3,381,913 (2024 – \$3,121,775) for a change in Global pooled funds (MSCI AC World + Index)

5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate cash balance in order to pay current and future approved disability claims along with the related administrative expenses. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Plan's primary source of cash is the contributions received from its participating employees and employers. Neither of the participating employees/employers nor 3sHealth contribute any other cash to the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year ended December 31, 2025.

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its SIP&P:

- The Plan limits credit risk by dealing with securities that are considered B-rated or higher as rated by recognized bond rating agencies;
- The SIP&P of the Plan requires the investment managers to minimize undue concentration of investments in any single geographic area, industry, or company;
- A requirement of the SIP&P is that the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment;
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously, and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees;

6. INVESTMENTS

The fair value of the Plan's assets at December 31, 2025 is:

	2025	2024
Bond pooled funds	\$ 18,666,470	\$ 19,885,289
Equities: Canadian Pooled Funds	12,775,059	10,718,302
Global Pooled Funds	33,819,134	31,217,749
Infrastructure	21,682,946	23,419,147
Real Estate	8,223,929	7,130,176
	\$ 95,167,538	\$ 92,370,663

Real estate investments include investments with private equity fund managers of \$2,421,623 (2024 - \$1,356,299) and is committed to further invest \$2,136,731 (2024 - \$3,565,036) in these private equity funds.

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation. There was no change in levels at December 31, 2025.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the financial assets of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 1 basis of fair values with the exception of bond pooled funds, private equity, infrastructure and real estate. Fair values of bond pooled funds used Level 2 basis. Private equity, infrastructure and real estate used Level 3 basis of fair values.

Fair values are based on information provided by investment fund managers who use the following valuation techniques and inputs in determining fair value:

- equity pooled funds are based on the closing market prices for the underlying equity securities held at year end
- bond pooled funds values are based on bid prices from recognized security dealers for the underlying bonds held at year end
- real estate pooled funds are based on independent property appraisals for the underlying properties held
- private equity real estate is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices or market prices for similar assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent appraisals as appropriate.
- infrastructure fund is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager using quoted market prices for similar infrastructure assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent infrastructure appraisals as appropriate.

Fair values of Level 3 investments involve various assumptions. Changes in the underlying assumptions will have an impact on the market value of the investments.

Balances by level are reflected as follows:

As at December 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 18,666,470	\$ -	\$ 18,666,470
Canadian pooled fund equities	12,775,059	-	-	12,775,059
Global pooled fund equities	33,819,134	-	-	33,819,134
Infrastructure	-	-	21,682,946	21,682,946
Real estate	-	-	8,223,929	8,223,929
Total	\$ 46,594,193	\$ 18,666,470	\$ 29,906,875	\$ 95,167,538

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

As at December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 19,885,289	\$ -	\$ 19,885,289
Canadian pooled fund equities	10,718,302	-	-	10,718,302
Global pooled fund equities	31,217,749	-	-	31,217,749
Infrastructure	-	-	23,419,147	23,419,147
Real estate	-	-	7,130,176	7,130,176
Total	\$ 41,936,051	\$ 19,885,289	\$ 30,549,323	\$ 92,370,663

2025 Fair Value measurement using Level 3 inputs			
	Real Estate	Infrastructure	Total
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 7,130,176	\$ 23,419,147	\$ 30,549,323
Purchases	1,304,283	-	1,304,283
Sales	-	(2,628,311)	(2,628,311)
Disbursements	-	(320,978)	(320,978)
Realized gain (loss)	(51,334)	66,926	15,592
Unrealized gain (loss)	(159,196)	1,146,162	986,966
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$ 8,223,929	\$ 21,682,946	\$ 29,906,875

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and employer contributions receivable are from related parties.

	2025	2024
Accounts receivable employers	\$ 570,717	\$ 549,903
Accounts receivable other	689	69
Accounts payable	423,660	591,468
Contributions revenue employers	7,141,799	6,324,792
Recoveries	22,154	20,600
Administrative expenses	1,410,860	1,378,484

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS

The actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations is based on an actuarial valuation made as at December 31, 2025 by Convyta, an independent actuary, and consists of the following principal components:

	2025	2024
Liability for long term disability obligations	\$ 61,348,000	\$ 56,723,000
Claims incurred but not reported	5,720,000	4,464,000
Liability for claims payment expenses	4,024,000	3,671,000
Actuarial present value of accrued future disability obligations	\$ 71,092,000	\$ 64,858,000

The valuation of the accrued future disability obligations is based on a number of assumptions about future events. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were:

a) Interest rate

A valuation interest rate of 5.60% (2024 – 5.70%) per annum, net of investment expenses, was used representing a long-term estimate of the financial obligations of the Plan.

b) Termination rates

The termination rate assumptions are based on adjustments for the plans' experience applied to the graduated disability termination rates from the Canadian Group Long-Term Disability Termination Study, 2009 to 2015, as published by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

c) Incurred but not reported (IBNR)

The IBNR reserve is calculated by applying an IBNR rate of 35.0% (2024 – 30.0%) to the actuarial reserve for new LTD claims. The IBNR rate is determined using assumptions about the history and experience of the average number of claims incurred but not reported as at the valuation date.

d) Claims payment expenses

The liability for claims payment expenses considers the disability claims in payment and based on past experience is determined as 6.0% (2024 – 6.0%) of the total liability for accrued disability obligations.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan DISABILITY INCOME PLAN – S.U.N.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

9. FUTURE DISABILITY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

e) Obligation offset

It is assumed that for some plan members, the obligation paid from the Plan would be offset by a disability obligation paid from external sources like the Canada Pension Plan (CPP), Workers' Compensation Board (WCB), Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI), or from other sources.

Disability obligation offset assumptions used in the current valuation are based on a combination of:

- i. Potential benefit payments – CPP benefits are set by the Canada Pension Plan and have been updated to reflect 2026 amounts. Claimants that receive WCB/SGI benefits are assumed to have their gross LTD benefit fully offset
- ii. Offset approval rates – rates were determined through Approval Studies performed by Convyta on previous open claims (2010 to 2025).

The assumed offset approval rates are applied to the estimated benefit payment for each claimant not currently in receipt of CPP or WCB/SGI benefits.

The following illustrates the effect of changes in the interest rate and termination rate assumptions on the provision for future disability obligations:

- a 1% increase in the interest rate equals a 4.5% decrease in the provision while a 1% decrease in the interest rates result in a 5.0% increase to the provision.
- a 10% increase in the termination rate equals a 4.4% decrease in the provision while a 10% decrease in the termination rate results in a 4.9% increase to the provision.

10. CONTINGENCIES

The Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees and 3sHealth are named as defendants in certain lawsuits. Although the outcomes of such lawsuits are not determinable as of the date of these financial statements, in the opinion of management, they will not materially impact the Plan's operations, and no provision has been made for them in the accounts.



June 14, 2026

The Honourable J. Cockrill
Minister of Health
Room 204, Legislative Building
Regina, SK S4S 0B3

(via Email)

Dear Honourable J. Cockrill:

**Re: Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) Dental Plans
Financial Statements**

We enclose the audited financial statements of the following 3sHealth administered dental plans for the year ended December 31, 2025 and our reports on each of these financial statements:

Core Dental Plan
In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan
Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

We issue audited financial statements and other final documents electronically using the Office's secure file-share program. Please whitelist the email account saskauditor@auditor.sk.ca to ensure it is not blocked or sent to junk.

Yours truly,

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor

Enclosure

cc: (via Email)

The Honourable. J. Reiter, Chair, Treasury Board
T. Smith, Secretary, Treasury Board
B. Hebert, Provincial Comptroller, Ministry of Finance
R. Doell, Chair, 3sHealth Employee Benefit Plans, Board of Trustees
M. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer, 3sHealth
T. Frass, Vice President, Supply Chain Services and Chief Financial Officer, 3sHealth
L. Malach, Executive Director, Internal Audit and Enterprise Risk Management, 3sHealth
A. Shearer-Kleefeld, Vice President, Employee Benefits, 3sHealth
M. Ortman, Director, Finance, 3sHealth
S. McKillop, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
K. Pituley, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
R. Carter, Deputy Minister, Ministry of Health
R. Dobson, Director, Operation and Internal Audit, Ministry of Health

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Core Dental Plan**

December 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan as at December 31, 2025, and changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans for Treasury Board's approval, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Core Dental Plan to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

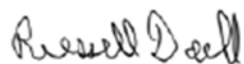
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Core Dental Plan
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024
Assets		
Investments (Note 4)	\$ 11,836,338	\$ 11,272,584
Contributions and other receivables	3,752,575	4,045,024
Cash	3,822,851	4,566,440
Total Assets	19,411,764	19,884,048
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	244,571	322,440
Dental Claims payable	3,076,152	2,796,897
Provision for unpaid claims (Note 8)	754,747	1,725,706
Total Liabilities	4,075,470	4,845,043
Net Assets (Statement 2)	15,336,294	15,039,005
Net Assets Available for Benefits, restricted for Rate Stabilization Fund (Note 9)	20,489,946	19,272,924
Net Assets Available for Benefits	(\$5,153,652)	(\$4,233,919)

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Core Dental Plan**

Statement 2

**Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31**

	2025	2024
Increase in Net Assets		
Interest income	\$ 650,673	\$ 861,211
Contributions – Employees and Employers (Note 1, 7)	40,332,643	35,524,387
Unrealized Gain on investments	45,503	963,782
Change in provision for unpaid claims (Note 8)	945,860	-
Other Revenue	4,788	3,309
Total Increase in Net Assets	41,979,467	37,352,689
Decrease in Net Assets		
Dental claims	39,654,723	37,102,468
Administrative expenses (Note 7)	561,102	499,259
Adjudication fees	1,325,173	1,443,384
Consulting fees	70,228	44,042
Professional fees	70,952	80,459
Realized loss on investments	-	836,736
Change in provision for unpaid claims (Note 8)	-	964,254
Total Decrease in Net Assets	41,682,178	40,970,602
Change in Net Assets for the Year	297,289	(3,617,913)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	15,039,005	18,656,918
Net Assets, End of Year (Statement 1)	\$ 15,336,294	\$ 15,039,005

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Core Dental Plan (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

In January 2015, 3sHealth's Board of Directors appointed individual trustees (called the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees) as part of a governance change for the Plan. 3sHealth's Board, on behalf of the members, signed a formal trust agreement with the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees on January 12, 2015, effectively making the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees the governing authority for the Plan and creating a service agreement with 3sHealth to administer the assets of the Plan. On October 11, 2023, five union trustees were appointed to the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

a) Effective date

The Plan was established on January 1, 1986.

b) Purpose of the Plan

The purpose of the Plan is to promote good dental health to its members by reducing dental costs for preventive, routine and major dental services. The Plan is a multi-employer benefit plan that is administered by 3sHealth on behalf of eligible employees of participating member organizations. Claims adjudication and benefit payment services are done through an agreement with the Canada-Life Assurance Company (Canada-Life). The plan is managed under an Administrative Services Only (ASO) arrangement with Canada Life. Under the terms of agreement with Canada Life, in the event the agreement is terminated, Canada Life is held harmless from any liability arising from benefits incurred but not reported to them before the termination date.

c) Eligibility

The Plan is available to the employees and their immediate families of contributing member organizations of 3sHealth with certain restrictions based on nature of employment and term of service.

d) Employers' and employees' contributions

The monthly contribution rate as at December 31, 2025 was \$92.50 (2024 - \$77.75) per eligible full-time equivalent employee. Cost sharing arrangements of the monthly contribution rate between the employee and employer vary by each employer.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or benefit obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets and financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, which were determined by 3sHealth as the administrator of the Plan, are as follows:

(i) Investments

Investments are classified as held-for-trading and are recorded at fair value which is based on published quotes. The Plan holds a diversified investment portfolio including money market securities, bond funds, and mortgage funds.

The Plan uses the accrual method for recording income and expenses. Interest income is recorded using the effective interest method. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date with identifiable transaction costs being expensed when incurred.

Gains and losses are recorded in revenues or expenses when realized and are determined with reference to the average cost of investments. Unrealized changes in fair value are determined with reference to the average cost of investments and are recorded in revenues or expenses for the period in which the change in the fair value occurs.

(ii) Cash, contributions receivable, other receivables, accounts payable and dental claims payable

Cash, contributions receivable and other receivables are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable and dental claims payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

due to their short term nature. Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value.

b) Employers' and employees' contributions

At the end of each month, employers determine the contributions owing based on the number of eligible full-time-equivalent employees. Contributions are recognized as an increase in net assets in the period to which they apply.

c) Provision for unpaid claims

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate of the cost of claims incurred but not reported at year end. Any resulting change in this provision is recognized as a revenue or expense in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

d) Income taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

e) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include provision for unpaid claims. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

f) Amended Standards Not Yet in Effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans- improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027.

The plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in mortgage funds.

The mortgage fund invests in mortgages with a maximum loan-to-value ratio of 85% and with a maximum term to maturity of 15 years.

Short term investments consist of investments in Canadian money market fund instruments maturing in less than one year's time. This fund invests in investment grade securities with a minimum rating of R-1 (low) or equivalent. Earnings in this fund are reinvested.

Investments in bond and mortgage funds consist of actively managed funds. Earnings in these funds are reinvested in each respective fund account.

The bond funds consist of a Core Plus Bond fund and a High Yield Bond fund.

- The Core Plus Bond fund invests in a mix of securities within the following constraints:
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in bonds with a credit rating of BBB- or less; and
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in Limited Recourse Capital notes (LRCNs)
- The High Yield Bond fund invests in a mix of securities within the following constraints:
 - No more than 10% of a high yield bond fund may be invested in illiquid securities; and
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in bonds with a credit rating of CCC-.

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Money Market Fund	\$ 4,250,236	\$ 3,852,382
Core Plus Bond Fund	1,538,583	1,477,750
High Yield Bond Fund	1,214,491	1,133,991
Mortgage Fund	4,833,028	4,808,461
Contributions and other receivables	3,739,032	4,027,529
	\$ 15,575,370	\$ 15,300,113

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the potential non-payment of contributions receivable as the majority of these receivables are from related parties (Note 7) and are collected monthly.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. This risk is managed by the Plan by investing in financial assets with a very short term to maturity. The financial liabilities, which are also short-term in nature, are due within one year. The Plan generally maintains positive cash flows generated from its operating activities and supplements any shortfalls from its short-term investment portfolio.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are up to three months for accounts payable, the provision for unpaid claims and dental claims payable.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets. Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income investments could change due to changes in interest rates.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change net assets by \$165,683 (2024 – \$182,223).

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the investments of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 2 basis of fair values. Over those periods there was no change in levels.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate balance in its short term investments portfolio which is used to assist in achieving consistency and stability in contribution rates and to pay the Plan's current and future approved claims. The plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Plan's primary source of cash is the contributions received from the employees and employers that are enrolled in the Plan (See Note 1d for contribution rate). The contribution rates are reviewed regularly to ensure they support the expenditures of the Plan. Neither 3sHealth, as the administrator, nor the members contribute any other cash to the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year which ended on December 31, 2025.

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its Statement of Investment Policies & Guidelines (SIP&P):

- The Plan limits credit risk by dealing with fixed income securities within the parameters established by the SIP&P and as rated by external credit rating agencies.
- A requirement of the SIP&P is that the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment.
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the contribution revenue is from related parties.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Contributions and other receivable	\$ 3,739,032	\$ 4,027,529
Employers and employees contributions	40,332,643	35,524,387
Accounts payable	131,119	204,575
Administrative expenses	561,102	499,259

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of the purchases.

8. PROVISION FOR UNPAID CLAIMS

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate, based on historical claim experience, for the cost of claims incurred but not reported at year end. The terms of the Plan requires that eligible claims must be submitted within 120 days of the end of the calendar year in which the expense was incurred.

The provision for eligible claims incurred prior to December 31, 2025 amounts to \$754,747 (2024 – \$1,725,706) and includes a 3.39% (2024 – 3.59%) provision for administrative costs for these claims.

9. RATE STABILIZATION FUND

On October 14, 2021, the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees approved a new Funding Policy which restricted the use of \$20,489,946 (2024- \$19,272,924) of the net assets available for benefits in a rate stabilization fund (RSF). The RSF is intended to absorb negative plan experience fluctuations and to promote rate stability. The RSF will be adjusted annually by restricting an amount of the net assets available for benefits, equal to the following:

- The RSF will be established annually at the end of the plan year. The desired funding level for RSF is 6 months of annualized claims plus insurer expenses based on the prior calendar year (January 1 to December 31).

The purpose of the RSF is to provide the plan with restricted net assets that can be drawn upon if claims exceed contributions. Having this RSF allows the employers and plan members time to negotiate changes in the contribution rates sufficient to cover claims costs and/or changes in benefit levels to beneficiaries.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Core Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

10. CONTINGENCIES

The Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees and 3sHealth are named as defendants in certain lawsuits. Although the outcomes of such lawsuits are not determinable as of the date of these financial statements, in the opinion of management, they will not materially impact the Plan's operations, and no provision has been made for them in the accounts.

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan**

December 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan as at December 31, 2025, and changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans for Treasury Board's approval, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

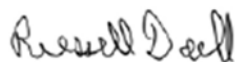
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024
Assets		
Investments (Note 4)	\$ 206,761,281	\$ 199,830,043
Contributions and Other Receivables	281,869	470,580
Receivable from Canada Life Assurance Company (Note 7)	8,886,184	8,318,084
Cash	9,179,507	8,588,235
Total Assets	225,108,841	217,206,942
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	12,596,239	5,419,568
Deferred Contributions	38,602	259,534
Provision for Unpaid Claims (Note 9)	1,865,411	2,817,325
Total Liabilities	14,500,252	8,496,427
Net Assets (Statement 2)	210,608,589	208,710,515
Net Assets Available for Benefits, restricted for Rate Stabilization Fund (Note 12)	72,467,836	69,513,567
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Note 10)	\$ 138,140,753	\$ 139,196,948

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024
Increase in Net Assets		
Interest income	\$ 8,872,816	\$ 9,812,318
Contributions – Employers (Note 1, 8)	65,917,567	64,256,945
Unrealized Gain on investments	799,557	2,044,043
Change in provision for unpaid claims	951,914	-
Other revenue	21,716	15,000
Total Increase in Net Assets	76,563,570	76,128,306
Decrease in Net Assets		
Administrative expenses (Note 8)	3,968,850	1,821,081
Health premiums & claims	56,504,734	55,735,362
Dental claims	13,409,462	13,289,729
Change in provision for unpaid claims	-	798,346
Consulting fees	154,244	90,087
Professional fees	628,206	603,293
Realized Loss on investments	-	346,249
Total Decrease in Net Assets	74,665,496	72,684,147
Change in Net Assets for the Year	1,898,074	3,444,159
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	208,710,515	205,266,356
Net Assets, End of Year (Statement 1)	\$ 210,608,589	\$ 208,710,515

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

In January 2015, 3sHealth's Board of Directors appointed individual trustees (called the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees) as part of a governance change for the Plan. 3sHealth's Board, on behalf of the members, signed a formal trust agreement with the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees on January 12, 2015, effectively making the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees the governing authority for the Plan and creating a service agreement with 3sHealth to administer the assets of the Plan. On October 11, 2023, five union trustees were appointed to the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

a) Effective date

The Plan was established on April 1, 2000.

b) Purpose of the Plan

The purpose of the Plan is to enhance the coverage of eligible members for covered dental and health services. The Plan is a multi-employer benefit plan that is administered by 3sHealth on behalf of eligible employees of participating organizations. An agreement has been entered into by the Plan with Canada Life Assurance Company (Canada Life) to provide eligible employees with extended health and enhanced dental coverages. Canada Life adjudicates and pays all benefit claims directly to the claimants. Under the terms of agreement with Canada Life, in the event the agreement is terminated, Canada Life is held harmless from any liability arising from benefits incurred but not reported to them before the termination date.

Effective on April 1, 2025, the extended health care and enhanced dental plan is managed under an Administrative Service Only (ASO) arrangement with Canada Life. Under the terms of agreement with Canada Life, in the event the agreement is terminated, Canada Life is held harmless from any liability arising from benefits incurred but not reported to them before the termination date.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

c) *Eligibility*

The Plan is available to the members of the Saskatchewan Union of Nurses (SUN), the Health Sciences Association of Saskatchewan (HSAS), the Canadian Union of Public Employees (CUPE), the Saskatchewan Government and General Employees Union (SGEU), the Services Employees International Union - West (SEIU-West), and the Public Service Alliance of Canada (PSAC) and their immediate families with certain restrictions based on nature of employment and term of service. Former members of the Retail Wholesale Department Store Union (RWDSU) are entitled to an amended healthcare benefit due to remaining net assets available for benefits at the time they seized contributions to the plan.

d) *Employers' contributions*

For members with eligible employees, the monthly employer contribution rates are as follows:

Union Affiliation	2025	2024
CUPE, SEIU-West, SGEU, PSAC	3.10% employees normal earnings	3.10% employees normal earnings
SUN	2.75% employees normal earnings	2.75% employees normal earnings
HSAS	2.10% employees normal earnings	2.10% employees normal earnings

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or benefit obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets and financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, which were determined by 3sHealth as the administrator of the Plan, are as follows:

(i) Investments

Investments are classified as held-for-trading and are recorded at fair value which is based on published quotes. The Plan holds a diversified investment portfolio including money market securities, bond funds, and mortgage funds.

The Plan uses the accrual method for recording income and expenses. Interest income is recorded using the effective interest method. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date with identifiable transaction costs being expensed when incurred.

Gains and losses are recorded in revenues or expenses when realized and are determined with reference to the average cost of investments. Unrealized changes in fair value are determined with reference to the average cost of investments and are recorded in revenues or expenses for the period in which the change in the fair value occurs.

(ii) Cash, contributions receivable, receivable from Canada Life, other receivables and accounts payable

Contributions receivable, receivable from Canada Life, and other receivables are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature. Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value.

b) Employers' contributions

At the end of each month, employers determine the contributions owing based on the number of eligible full-time-equivalent employees. Contributions are recognized as revenue when due. The Plan recognizes contributions calculated based on the prior month's payroll due to the availability of said information. Contributions received in advance are recorded as deferred contributions.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c) Provision for unpaid claims

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate of the cost of claims incurred but not reported at year end. Any resulting change in this provision is recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include Provision for Unpaid Claims. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

e) Income taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

f) Amended Standards Not Yet in Effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans- improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027.

The plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in mortgage funds.

The mortgage fund invests in mortgages with a maximum loan-to-value ratio of 85% and with a maximum term to maturity of 15 years.

Short term investments consist of investments in Canadian money market fund instruments maturing in less than one year's time. This fund invests in investment grade securities with a minimum rating of R-1 (low) or equivalent. Earnings in this fund are reinvested.

Investments in bond and mortgage funds consist of actively managed funds. Earnings in these funds are reinvested in each respective fund account.

The bond funds consist of a Short-term Bond fund and a High Yield Bond fund.

- The Short-term Bond fund invests in a mix of securities within the following constraints:
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in bonds with a credit rating of BBB- or less; and
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in Limited Recourse Capital Notes (LRCNs).
- The High Yield Bond fund invests in a mix of securities within the following constraints:
 - No more than 10% of a high yield bond fund may be invested in illiquid securities; and
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in bonds with a credit rating of CCC-.

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Money Market Fund	\$ 69,459,260	\$ 68,155,730
Short Term Bond Fund	29,707,469	26,138,750
High Yield Bond Fund	21,664,688	20,042,475
Mortgage Fund	85,929,864	85,493,088
Contributions Receivable	271,536	424,408
Receivable from Canada Life Assurance Company	8,886,184	8,318,084
	\$ 215,919,001	\$ 208,572,535

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the non-payment of contributions receivable as they are from related parties (Note 8) and are collected monthly. Also, the Plan is exposed to credit risk due to the potential non-payment of the Canada Life receivable (Note 7); however, the Plan does not consider this to be likely as Canada Life's recent credit rating is AA as rated by Standard & Poor's.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. This risk is managed by the Plan by investing in financial assets with a very short term to maturity. The financial liabilities, which are also short-term in nature, are due within one year. The Plan generally maintains positive cash flows generated from its operating activities and supplements any shortfalls from its short-term investment portfolio.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are up to three months for accounts payable and the provision for unpaid claims.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets. Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income investments could change due to changes in interest rates.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change net assets by \$3,008,702 (2024 – \$3,233,372).

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the investments of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 2 fair values. Over those periods there was no change in levels.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate balance in its investments portfolio which is used to assist in achieving consistency and stability in contribution rates and to pay the Plan's current and future expenses. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Plan's only source of cash is the contributions received from the employers that have employees enrolled in the Plan (see Note 1d for contribution rates). The contribution rates are reviewed regularly to ensure they support the expenditures of the Plan. Neither 3sHealth, as the administrator, nor the members contribute any other cash to the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

There have been no changes to the capital management objective of the Plan during the year which ended December 31, 2025.

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P):

- The Plan limits credit risk by dealing with fixed income securities within the parameters established by the SIP&P and as rated by external credit rating agencies.
- A requirement of the SIP&P is that the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment.
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously, and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees.

7. RECEIVABLE FROM CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Effective on April 1, 2025, as the part of Administrative Service Only (ASO) arrangement, Canada Life requires a float equal to 1/12 of annual claims costs to support their payment of claims on the Plan's behalf. Although funds in the float are controlled by the Canada Life, on Plan termination, any surplus funds remaining in the float will be returned to the Plan.

Canada Life previously maintained an excess revenue account called the Claims Fluctuation Reserve (CFR) and the Refundable Deposit Account (RDA), for premiums collected in excess of those required for any individual policy year

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

7. RECEIVABLE FROM CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY (continued)

The balance of float for EH/ED claims as at December 31, 2025 are:

	CFR/RDA	Health Care Float	Dental Float	Excess Float (previously RDA)	Total
Opening Balance	\$ 5,876,314	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,441,770	\$ 8,318,084
Change during the year	(5,876,314)	5,045,000	1,261,000	138,414	568,100
Ending Balance	\$ -	\$ 5,045,000	\$ 1,261,000	\$ 2,580,184	\$ 8,886,184

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and contributions receivable are from related parties.

	2025	2024
Contributions Receivable	\$ 271,536	\$ 424,408
Other Receivable	-	31,677
Contributions Revenue	65,917,567	64,256,945
Accounts Payable	411,191	4,332,163
Administrative Expenses	3,968,850	1,821,081

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

9. PROVISION FOR UNPAID CLAIMS

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate, based on historical claim experience, of the cost of claims incurred but not reported at year end. The terms of the Plan require that eligible claims must be submitted within 120 days of the end of the calendar year in which the expense was incurred.

The provision for eligible claims incurred prior to December 31, 2025 amounts to \$1,865,411 (2024 – \$2,817,325).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

In-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

10. INDIVIDUALIZED REPORTING

The Net Assets available for benefits, including Net Assets restricted for the rate stabilization fund (RSF), by union affiliation are:

		2025		2024
	Amount net of	RSF	Total	Total
	RSF	(Note 12)		
HSAS	\$ (2,315,021)	\$ 8,440,940	\$ 6,125,919	\$ 8,121,523
SUN	101,497,521	21,991,253	123,488,774	117,905,254
SEIU	6,638,005	17,822,545	24,460,550	26,797,302
SGEU	11,391,648	4,310,277	15,701,925	14,563,904
CUPE	20,533,154	19,851,839	40,384,993	40,898,031
RWDSU	15,280	-	15,280	23,896
PSAC	380,166	50,982	431,148	400,605
Total	\$ 138,140,753	\$ 72,467,836	\$ 210,608,589	\$ 208,710,515

11. CONTINGENCIES

The Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees and 3sHealth are named as defendants in certain lawsuits. Although the outcomes of such lawsuits are not determinable as of the date of these financial statements, in the opinion of management, they will not materially impact the Plan's operations, and no provision has been made for them in the accounts.

12. RATE STABILIZATION FUND

During the year, the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees restricted the use of \$72,467,836 (2024- \$69,513,567) of the net assets available for benefits in a rate stabilization fund (RSF). The RSF is intended to absorb negative plan experience fluctuations and to promote rate stability. The RSF will be adjusted annually by restricting an amount of the net assets available for benefits, equal to the following:

- For extended health care the desired funding level for the RSF is 12 months of annualized claims based on the prior calendar year (January 1 to December 31);
- For enhanced dental the desired funding level for RSF is 12 months of annualized claims plus insurer expenses based on the prior calendar year (January 1 to December 31)

The purpose of the RSF is to provide the plan with restricted net assets that can be drawn upon if claims exceed contributions. Having this RSF allows the employers and plan members time to negotiate changes in the contribution rates sufficient to cover claims costs and/or changes in benefit levels to beneficiaries.

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan**

December 31, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan as at December 31, 2025, and changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans for Treasury Board's approval, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

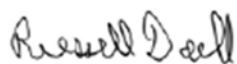
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024
Assets		
Investments (Note 4)	\$ 824,000	\$ 781,023
Contributions and other receivables	963,900	872,597
Receivable from Canada Life Assurance Company (Note 7)	1,152,412	1,111,130
Cash	2,585,001	1,379,803
Total Assets	5,525,313	4,144,553
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,832,469	878,024
Provision for Unpaid Claims (Note 9)	291,164	410,566
Total Liabilities	2,123,633	1,288,590
Net Assets (Statement 2)	3,401,680	2,855,963
Net Assets Available for Benefits, restricted for Rate Stabilization Fund (Note 10)	5,008,230	4,934,184
Net Assets Available for Benefits	\$ (1,606,550)	\$ (2,078,221)

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024
Increase In Net Assets		
Interest income	\$ 83,482	\$ 112,220
Contributions – Employees and Employers (Note 1, 8)	11,012,892	9,943,734
Unrealized Gain on investments	3,151	124,108
Change in Provision for Unpaid claims (Note 9)	119,402	-
Other Revenue	4,371	3,019
Total Increase in Net Assets	11,223,298	10,183,081
Decrease in Net Assets		
Administrative expenses (Note 8)	658,260	345,811
Health premiums/claims	8,102,933	8,018,572
Dental claims expense	1,849,897	1,782,604
Consulting fees	36,843	22,022
Professional fees	29,648	26,424
Realized Loss on investments	-	107,767
Change in Provision for Unpaid claims (Note 9)	-	64,863
Total Decrease in Net Assets	10,677,581	10,368,063
Change in Net Assets for the Year	545,717	(184,982)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	2,855,963	3,040,945
Net Assets, End of Year (Statement 1)	\$ 3,401,680	\$ 2,855,963

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

In January 2015, 3sHealth's Board of Directors appointed individual trustees (called the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees) as part of a governance change for the Plan. 3sHealth's Board, on behalf of the members, signed a formal trust agreement with the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees on January 12, 2015, effectively making the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees the governing authority for the Plan and creating a service agreement with 3sHealth to administer the assets of the Plan. On October 11, 2023, five union trustees were appointed to the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

a) Effective Date

The Plan was established on April 1, 2000.

b) Purpose of the Plan

The purpose of the Plan is to enhance the coverage of eligible members for covered dental and health services. The Plan is a multi-employer benefit plan that is administered by 3sHealth on behalf of eligible employees of participating organizations. An agreement has been entered into by the Plan with the Canada Life Assurance Company (Canada Life), to provide eligible employees with extended health and enhanced dental coverages.

Effective on April 1, 2025, the extended health care and enhanced dental plan is managed under an Administrative Service Only (ASO) arrangement with Canada Life. Under the terms of agreement with Canada Life, in the event the agreement is terminated, Canada Life is held harmless from any liability arising from benefits incurred but not reported to them before the termination date.

c) Eligibility

The Plan is available to employees of the contributing organizations and their immediate families with certain restrictions based on nature of employment and term of service.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

d) Employers' and employees' contributions

The monthly contribution for the Plan, effective April 1, 2025, consists of the following:

- \$166 (2024 - \$152) per eligible full-time-equivalent employee for the Extended Health benefits;
- \$42 (2024 - \$38) per eligible full-time-equivalent employee for the Enhanced Dental benefits; and

Cost sharing between the employee and employer varies amongst the contributing organizations.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or benefit obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets and financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, which were determined by 3sHealth, as the administrator of the Plan, are as follows:

(i) Investments

Investments are classified as held-for-trading and are recorded at fair value which is based on published quotes. The Plan holds a diversified investment portfolio including money market securities, bond funds, and mortgage funds.

The Plan uses the accrual method for recording income and expenses. Interest income is recorded using the effective interest method. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date with identifiable transaction costs being expensed when incurred.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Gains and losses are recorded in revenues or expenses when realized and are determined with reference to the average cost of investments. Unrealized changes in fair value are determined with reference to the average cost of investments and are recorded in revenues or expenses for the period in which the change in the fair value occurs.

(ii) Cash, contributions receivable, receivable from Canada Life, other receivables and accounts payable

Contributions receivable, receivable from Canada Life, and other receivables are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature. Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value.

b) Contributions – employers and employees

At the end of each month, employers determine the contributions owing based on the number of eligible full-time-equivalent employees. Premiums are recognized as revenue when due. Contributions received in advance are recorded as deferred contributions.

c) Provision for unpaid claims

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate of the cost of claims incurred but not reported at year end. Any resulting change in this provision is recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include Provision for Unpaid Claims. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

e) Income Tax

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f) Amended Standards Not Yet in Effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans- improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027.

The plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in mortgage funds.

The mortgage fund invests in mortgages with a maximum loan-to-value ratio of 85% and with a maximum term to maturity of 15 years.

Short term investments consist of investments in Canadian money market fund instruments maturing in less than one year's time. This fund invests in investment grade securities with a minimum rating of R-1 (low) or equivalent. Earnings in this fund are reinvested.

Investments in bond and mortgage funds consist of actively managed funds. Earnings in these funds are reinvested in each respective fund account.

The bond funds consist of a Core Plus Bond fund and a High Yield Bond fund.

- The Core Plus Bond fund invests in a mix of securities within the following constraints:
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in bonds with a credit rating of BBB- or less; and
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in Limited Recourse Capital Notes (LRCNs).
- The High Yield Bond fund invests in a mix of securities within the following constraints:
 - No more than 10% of a high yield bond fund may be invested in illiquid securities; and
 - No more than 10% of bonds in this fund will be invested in bonds with a credit rating of CCC-.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Money Market Fund	\$ 299,135	\$ 267,693
Core Plus Bond Fund	107,048	102,816
High Yield Bond Fund	84,620	79,011
Mortgage Fund	333,197	331,503
Contributions receivable and other receivables	958,831	868,889
Receivable from Canada Life	1,152,412	1,111,130
	\$ 2,935,243	\$ 2,761,042

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the non-payment of contributions receivable as they are due from related parties (Note 8) and are collected monthly. Also, the Plan is exposed to credit risk due to the potential non-payment of the receivable from Canada Life (Note 7); however the Plan does not consider this to be likely as Canada Life's recent credit rating is AA as rated by Standard & Poor's.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. This risk is managed by the Plan by investing in financial assets with a very short term to maturity. The financial liabilities, which are also short-term in nature, are due within one year. The Plan generally maintains positive cash flows generated from its operating activities and supplements any shortfalls from its short-term investment portfolio.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are up to three months for accounts payable and the provision for unpaid claims.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets. Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income investments could change due to changes in interest rates.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change net assets by \$11,473 (2024 – \$12,608).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the investments of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 2 basis of fair values. Over these periods there was no change in levels.

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate balance in its investments portfolio which is used to assist in achieving consistency and stability in contribution rates and to pay the Plan's current and future expenses. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Plan's primary source of cash is the contributions received from the employers and employees that are enrolled in the Plan (see Note 1d for contribution rates). The contribution rates are reviewed regularly to ensure they support the expenditures of the Plan. Neither 3sHealth, as the administrator, nor the members contribute any other cash to the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year which ended December 31, 2025.

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P):

- The Plan limits credit risk by dealing with fixed income securities within the parameters established by the SIP&P and as rated by external credit rating agencies.
- A requirement of the SIP&P is that the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment.
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Extended Health/Enhanced Dental Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. RECEIVABLE FROM CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Canada Life previously maintained an excess revenue account called the Claims Fluctuation Reserve (CFR) and the Refundable Deposit Account (RDA), for premiums collected in excess of those required for any individual policy year.

Effective on April 1, 2025, as the part of Administrative Service Only (ASO) arrangement, Canada Life requires a float equal to 1/12 of annual claims costs to support their payment of claims on the Plan's behalf. Although funds in the float are controlled by the Canada Life, on Plan termination, any surplus funds remaining in the float will be returned to the Plan.

The balance of float for claims as at December 31 are:

	CFR	Health Care Float	Dental Float	Excess Float (previously RDA)	Total
Opening Balance	\$855,844	\$-	\$-	\$255,286	\$1,111,130
Change during the year	(855,844)	707,000	177,000	13,126	41,282
Ending Balance	\$-	\$707,000	\$177,000	\$268,412	\$1,152,412

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and employer contributions receivable are from related parties.

	2025	2024
Contributions and other receivables	\$ 958,831	\$ 868,889
Contributions revenue	11,012,892	9,943,734
Accounts payable	92,846	205,735
Administrative expenses	658,260	345,811

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

9. PROVISION FOR UNPAID CLAIMS

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate, based on historical claim experience, of the cost of claims incurred but not reported at year end. The terms of the Plan require that eligible claims must be submitted within 120 days of the end of the calendar year in which the expense was incurred.

The provision for eligible claims incurred prior to December 31, 2025 amounts to \$291,164 (2024 – \$410,566).

10. RATE STABILIZATION FUND

During the year, the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees restricted the use of \$5,008,230 (2024- \$4,934,184) of the net assets available for benefits in a rate stabilization fund (RSF). The RSF is intended to absorb negative Plan experience fluctuations and to promote rate stability. The RSF will be adjusted annually by restricting an amount of the net assets available for benefits, equal to the following:

- For extended health care the desired funding level for the RSF is 6 months of annualized claims based on the prior calendar year (January 1 to December 31);
- For enhanced dental the desired funding level for RSF is 6 months of annualized claims plus insurer expenses based on the prior calendar year (January 1 to December 31);

The purpose of the RSF is to provide the plan with restricted net assets that can be drawn upon if claims exceed contributions. Having this RSF allows the employers and plan members time to negotiate changes in the contribution rates sufficient to cover claims costs and/or changes in benefit levels to beneficiaries.



June 15, 2026

The Honourable J. Cockrill
Minister of Health
Room 204, Legislative Building
Regina, SK S4S 0B3

(via Email)

Dear Honourable J. Cockrill:

**Re: Health Shared Services Saskatchewan – Life Insurance Plans
Financial Statements**

We enclose the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Life Insurance Plans for the year ended December 31, 2025 and our report on these financial statements:

Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Group Life Insurance Plan

We issue audited financial statements and other final documents electronically using the Office's secure file-share program. Please whitelist the email account saskauditor@auditor.sk.ca to ensure it is not blocked or sent to junk.

Yours truly,

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor

Enclosure

cc: (via Email)

The Honourable J. Reiter, Chair, Treasury Board
T. Smith, Secretary, Treasury Board
B. Hebert, Provincial Comptroller, Ministry of Finance
R. Doell, Chair, 3sHealth Employee Benefit Plans, Board of Trustees
M. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer, 3sHealth
T. Frass, Vice President, Supply Chain Services and Chief Financial Officer, 3sHealth
L. Malach, Executive Director, Internal Audit and Enterprise Risk Management, 3sHealth
A. Shearer-Kleefeld, Vice President, Employee Benefits, 3sHealth
M. Ortman, Director, Finance, 3sHealth
S. McKillop, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
K. Pituley, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
R. Carter, Deputy Minister, Ministry of Health
R. Dobson, Director, Operation and Internal Audit, Ministry of Health

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan**

December 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits, the statement of changes in retired plan members life insurance benefit and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan as at December 31, 2025, the changes in its net assets available for benefits and changes in retired plan members life insurance benefit for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

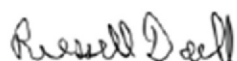
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024 (Note 10)
Assets		
Investments designated for unpaid claims (Note 4)	\$ 41,727,550	\$ 37,718,886
Cash	321,127	472,049
Receivable from Canada Life Assurance Company (Note 7)	5,622	105,122
Member premium receivables	-	86,637
Other Receivables	1,437	1,327
Total Assets	42,055,736	38,384,021
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	219,301	220,118
Total Liabilities	219,301	220,118
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Statement 2)	41,836,435	38,163,903
Benefit Obligations (Note 8)		
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit (Statement 3)	33,216,000	32,802,000
Total Benefit Obligations	33,216,000	32,802,000
Surplus	\$ 8,620,435	\$ 5,361,903

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Statement of Changes for Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024 (Note 10)
Increase in Net Assets		
Member premiums	\$ 428,876	\$ 904,553
Dividend income	1,100,181	727,418
Interest income	571,901	540,877
Realized gain on investments	693,675	476,606
Unrealized gain on investments	1,821,696	2,925,123
Other income	1,804	1,804
Total Increase in Net Assets	4,618,133	5,576,381
Decrease in Net Assets		
Life claims expense	415,123	373,150
Administrative expense (Note 9)	219,715	208,819
Investment management fees	276,347	207,072
Professional fees	16,539	19,202
Consulting fees	17,877	11,789
Total Decrease in Net Assets	945,601	820,032
 Change in Net Assets for the Year	 3,672,532	 4,756,349
 Net Assets Available for Benefits, Beginning of Year	 38,163,903	 33,407,554
Net Assets Available for Benefits, End of Year (Statement 1)	\$ 41,836,435	\$ 38,163,903

See accompanying notes

Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan**Statement of Changes in Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit****For the year ended December 31**

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit, Beginning of Year	\$ 32,802,000	\$ 28,807,000
Increase in Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit		
Current service cost	736,000	659,000
Interest cost	1,965,000	1,813,000
Change in Assumptions	-	1,956,000
	2,701,000	4,428,000
Decrease in Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit		
Benefits	378,000	373,000
Experience Gain	1,909,000	60,000
	2,287,000	433,000
Change during year	414,000	3,995,000
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit, End of the Year (Note 8, Statement 1)	\$ 33,216,000	\$ 32,802,000

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

In January 2015, 3sHealth's Board of Directors appointed individual trustees (called the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees) as part of a governance change for the Plan. 3sHealth's Board, on behalf of the members, signed a formal trust agreement with the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees on January 12, 2015, effectively making the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees the governing authority for the Plan and creating a service agreement with 3sHealth to administer the assets of the Plan. On October 11, 2023, five additional trustees were appointed to the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

a) Effective date

The Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan (the Plan) was established in 2015.

b) Purpose of Plan

The Plan is a multi-employer defined benefit plan, which is funded on a cash basis by contributions from participating members and if required, by their respective employees. The Plan provides members with a \$5,000 Retired Plan Member Life Insurance (RPMLI) policy certificate to qualifying retired employees. 3sHealth administers the Plan (the Administrator) on behalf of the eligible employees of participating employer organizations. 3sHealth is also a participating employer in the Plan.

c) Eligibility

The Plan is available to employees of contributing member organizations of 3sHealth with certain restrictions based on hours of work as determined by established Plan criteria.

d) Premiums

Employer's organizations send their premiums to 3sHealth, who then remits the funds to Canada Life. The monthly premium rates employers pay are:

	2025		2024
	January to March	April to December	January to December
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Premium	\$0.014 per month for the \$5,000 RPMLI benefit	\$0.000 per month for the \$5,000 RPMLI benefit	\$0.014 per month for the \$5,000 RPMLI benefit

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

Eligible retiring employees under the age of 65 have the option to continue their basic and optional coverage levels to age 65 (under the Group Life Insurance Plan), upon payment of the premiums due. Those retiring employees who do not exercise this option or retiring employees who are age 65, can choose to receive a \$5,000 Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit certificate which is payable to their beneficiary upon death. The cost of the retired plan member life insurance benefit is included in the Basic Life premium which is included in the Group Life Insurance Plan.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities.

For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or the retired plan member life insurance benefit, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets and financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, which were determined by 3sHealth as the administrator of the Plan, are as follows:

(i) Investments designated for unpaid claims

Investments designated for unpaid claims are classified as held-for-trading and are measured at fair value. The Plan selected held-for-trading as this classification reflects the Plan's investment intentions. All changes in fair value are recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits as part of the current period change in the fair value of investments. Income on these investments is recognized as it is earned. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (ii) Receivable from Canada Life, other receivables, member premium receivable and accounts payable

Receivable from Canada Life, other receivables, and member premium receivable are classified as loans and receivables. Accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. Each of these financial instruments is measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature.

b) Member premiums

Member premiums are recognized as an increase in net assets when due.

c) Benefit obligations

The Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit represents the actuarial present value of the Plan's obligation with respect to the purchase of the \$5,000 retired plan member life insurance policy made available to retirees.

Any resulting changes in these obligations are recognized as an increase or decrease in the Statement of Changes in Retired Plan Members Life Insurance Benefit.

d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the determination of benefit obligations, and investment fair values. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

e) Life claim expenses

Life claim expenses are recognized in the year they are incurred. Life claim expenses include future payments arising from claims received during the year and an estimate of life claims received after year-end for fatalities that occurred during the year.

f) Income Taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

g) Amended Standards Not Yet in Effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans- improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027.

The plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Investments

Investments include investments designated for unpaid claims.

	2025	2024 (Note 10)
Bond Pooled funds	\$ 9,389,074	8,990,199
Equity pooled funds		
- Canadian	4,900,121	4,111,212
- U.S.	9,285,432	8,329,222
- Non-North American	4,863,956	3,497,248
- Global	-	213,284
Real Estate	5,308,160	5,282,152
Infrastructure	7,980,807	7,295,569
	\$ 41,727,550	\$ 37,718,886

b) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities and counterparties to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in investments designated for unpaid claims, which include investments in a number of pooled funds that invest in short term and fixed income securities. The core plus bond funds consist of active managed funds which invest in bonds with a minimum credit rating of CCC, as rated by Standard & Poor's (S&P) ratings. Earnings of these funds are reinvested.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024 (Note 10)
Bond Pooled funds	\$ 9,389,074	\$ 8,990,199
Receivable from Canada Life	5,622	105,122
	\$ 9,394,696	\$ 9,095,321

The Plan is exposed to credit risk due to potential non-payment of the receivable from Canada Life (Note 7); however, the Plan does not consider this to be likely as Canada Life's recent credit rating is AA as rated by S&P.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. This risk is managed by the Plan by investing in financial assets with a very short term to maturity sufficient to discharge future obligations. The Plan generally maintains positive cash flows generated from its operating activities and supplements any shortfalls from its investment portfolio.

The level of incoming contributions is reviewed regularly to ensure they support the current required premiums and to service future obligations. Current premium rates for the Plan are described in Note 1d.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are up to three months for accounts payable. Retired plan member life insurance benefits do not have a contractual maturity and are payable once a claim is made by the Plan.

d) Real Estate and Infrastructure Risk

Real estate and infrastructure risk is the risk of adverse consequences of changes in the market values of the real estate and infrastructure investments, due to the state of the economy or their geographic location. The Plan is invested in real estate pooled funds, a real estate equity fund, and infrastructure. The Plan reduces this risk through diversification across types of buildings and geographic location.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets, as well as constant monitoring of fund managers' performance. This risk arises from differences in the timing and amount of cash flows related to the Plan's assets and liabilities. The value of the investments owned by the Plan could be impacted by changes in this risk which then impacts the value of the investments designated for retired plan member life insurance benefits on the Statement of Financial Position and the current period change in fair value of investments on the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change the value of the bond pooled fund by approximately \$439,604 (2024 - \$457,848).

f) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk impacts the Plan upon conversion of non-Canadian investments in foreign equities and bonds at various points in time during the fiscal year at different foreign exchange rates. During the year, there may be adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. The largest notional amount of foreign currency held by the Plan is US dollars with the remainder held in EAFE (Europe, Australasia, and Far East) currencies. To mitigate currency risk, the Plan's investment policy allows up to 30% of the entire portfolio's market value to be invested in foreign currencies.

At December 31, 2025 a 10% change in the Canadian dollar to US dollar exchange rate would result in approximately a \$1,254,958 (2024 - \$1,179,924) change in net assets and unrealized gains/losses on investments. A 10% change in the Canadian dollar to EAFE currencies exchange rates at December 31 would result in approximately a \$939,705 (2024 - \$730,897) change in net assets and unrealized gains/losses on investments.

g) Equity risk

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the value of equity investments due to changes in equity markets. To mitigate equity risk, the Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P) has investment policy guidelines in place that provide for prudent investment in equity markets within clearly defined limits. The Plan's investments are exposed to changes in equity prices in Canadian, US and EAFE markets through its investments. Equity investments comprise approximately 45.7% (2024 - 42.8%) of the overall carrying value of the Plan's investments.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The approximate impact to net assets and unrealized gain/losses on investments to a 10% change in equity prices is:

- \$490,012 (2024 - \$411,121) for changes in Canadian equity pooled funds (S&P/TSX Composite Index);
- \$928,543 (2024 - \$832,922) for changes in US equity pooled funds (S&P 500 Index);
- \$486,395 (2024 - \$349,725) for changes in non-North American equity pooled funds (MSCI EAFE Index); and
- \$ Nil (2024 - \$21,328) for a change in Global equity pooled funds (MSCI AC World + Index)

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available.

Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation.

Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.

Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.

Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the financial assets of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 1 basis of fair values with the exception of bond pooled funds, infrastructure and real estate. Fair values of bond pooled funds used Level 2 basis.

Infrastructure and real estate used Level 3 basis of fair values. There was no change in the levels at December 31, 2025.

Fair values are based on information provided by investment fund managers who use the following valuation techniques and inputs in determining fair value:

- equity pooled funds are based on the closing market prices for the underlying equity securities held at year end
- bond pooled funds values are based on bid prices from recognized security dealers for the underlying bonds held at year end
- real estate pooled funds are based on independent property appraisals for the underlying properties held
- infrastructure fund is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager on quoted market prices for similar infrastructure assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent infrastructure appraisals as appropriate.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value of level 3 investments involve various assumptions. Changes in the underlying assumptions will have an impact on the market value of the investments.

Balances by level are reflected as follows:

As at December 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$9,389,074	\$ -	\$ 9,389,074
Equity pooled funds	19,049,509	-	-	19,049,509
Infrastructure	-	-	7,980,807	7,980,807
Real estate	-	-	5,308,160	5,308,160
Total	\$19,049,509	\$9,389,074	\$13,288,967	\$41,727,550

As at December 31, 2024 (Note 10)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bond pooled funds	\$ -	\$ 8,990,199	\$ -	\$ 8,990,199
Equity pooled funds	16,150,966	-	-	16,150,966
Infrastructure	-	-	7,295,569	7,295,569
Real estate	-	-	5,282,152	5,282,152
Total	\$16,150,966	\$8,990,199	\$12,577,721	\$37,718,886

	2025 Fair Value measurement using Level 3 input		
	Real Estate	Infrastructure	Total
Balance at January 1, 2025 (Note 10)	\$5,282,152	\$7,295,569	\$12,577,721
Realized gain (loss)	-	27,273	27,273
Unrealized gain (loss)	26,008	657,965	683,973
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$5,308,160	\$7,980,807	\$13,288,967

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate balance in its investments designated for unpaid claims. These capital sources are used to assist in achieving consistency and stability in funding, which is then available to the Plan to pay current administrative expenses. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Plan's primary source of cash is the premiums received from the employers and employees that are enrolled in the Plan (see Note 1d). Contribution levels are reviewed regularly to ensure they support the expenditures of the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year which ended on December 31, 2025.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its SIP&P:

- The Plan limits the credit risk by dealing with investments that are considered to be investment-grade quality and minimize undue concentration of assets in any single geographic area, industry and company;
- The SIP&P of the Plan requires the investment managers to minimize undue concentration of investments in any single geographic area, industry, or company;
- A requirement of the SIP&P is the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment.
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

7. RECEIVABLE FROM CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Canada Life maintains excess reserve accounts, called refundable deposit accounts (RDA), for premiums collected in excess of those required by Canada Life for any individual policy year. The RDA are used by Canada Life under the direction of 3sHealth as the administrator of the Plan, to supplement policy premiums, fund actuarial obligations, cover any future policy decisions such as minimizing future premium increases, or fund future claim deficits incurred by Canada Life.

Canada Life holds a Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit RDA. The balance in the RDA is available to be transferred to the Plan upon request after the end of each policy year.

The balance in the Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit RDA as at December 31 are:

	2025	2024 (Note 10)
RDA – Retired Plan Member Life Insurance	\$ 5,622	\$ 105,122

8. BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

a) Retired plan member life insurance benefit

The retired plan member life insurance benefit represents the actuarial valuation prepared by Convyta Consulting as at December 31, 2025. The valuation was used to determine the Plan's obligation in respect of providing for the purchase of retired plan member life insurance benefits for eligible plan members.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

8. BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The actuarial valuations/extrapolations were based on the following assumptions:

- Discount rate 5.9% (2024 –5.9%) based on high quality fixed income securities that have a similar duration to the provision;
- Inflation rate 2.0% year (2024- 2.0%)
- Mortality is based on the 2014 CPM Public Table Projected with Scale MI-2024 (2024 - 2014 CPM Public Table Projected with Scale MI-2017)
- Termination rates range from 11.9% at age 20 to 1.0% at age 60;
- Retirement rates range from 7.5% at age 55 to 100% by age 65;
- Later Retirement Rates from 60% at age 65 to 100% by age 70; and
- All employees who retire will receive the retired plan member life insurance benefit and will apply for the policy when eligible.

The Plan's retired plan member life insurance benefit is long term in nature. There is no active market for settling this obligation; therefore, it is not practical to determine the fair value of these benefits. Also this obligation is subject to measurement uncertainty, being based on a number of assumptions. The actual experience may vary significantly from the assumptions used.

The following illustrates the effect of changes in the following assumptions on the retired plan member life insurance benefits:

Modified Assumption	% Change	Impact on Provision
Valuation discount rate	1% decrease	\$7,626,000 increase
	1% increase	\$5,772,000 decrease

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and employer contributions receivable are from related parties.

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

	2025	2024 (Note 10)
Accounts receivable	\$ -	\$ 86,637
Accounts payable	158,715	128,017
Administrative expenses	219,715	208,819
Member Premiums	428,876	904,553

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

10. RETIRED PLAN MEMBER LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT PLAN

Historically, the financial statements for the Group Life Insurance Plan included transactions relating to the Retire Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan. In 2025, the Employee Benefits Plans board of Trustees instructed 3sHealth to create separate financial statements for both the Group Life Insurance Plan and the Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan. These plans are separate and distinct Trusts, each with its own Trust Agreements. Surplus should be maintained in each individual Trust and used for the benefit of the beneficiaries.

As a result, certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan**

December 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits, statement of changes in disabled life waivers benefits and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan as at December 31, 2025, the changes in its net assets available for benefits and changes in its disabled life waiver benefits for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Group Life Insurance Plan to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

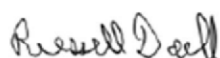
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024 (Note 13)
Assets		
Investments (Note 4)		
Short Term Investments	\$ 4,141,523	\$ 4,021,917
Investments designated for life waivers	69,242,639	65,261,040
Investments designated for unpaid claims	2,426,998	2,187,995
	75,811,160	71,470,952
Cash	284,344	269,464
Receivable from Canada Life Assurance Company (Note 7)	3,769,560	-
Member premium receivables	1,175,104	1,187,195
Other Receivables	57,116	12,176
Total Assets	81,097,284	72,939,787
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,583,049	2,379,349
Payable to Canada Life Assurance Company (Note 7)	-	2,917
Provision for unpaid claims (Note 10)	1,375,445	1,404,425
Total Liabilities	2,958,494	3,786,691
Net Assets	78,138,790	69,153,096
Net Assets Available for Benefits, restricted for Rate Stabilization Fund (Note 11)	3,023,812	2,647,341
Net Assets Available for Benefits, restricted for Multi-Year Catastrophic Loss Reserve (Note 12)	3,509,002	2,721,986
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Statement 2)	71,605,976	63,783,769
Benefit Obligations (Note 8)		
Disabled life waiver (Statement 3)	21,078,000	19,407,000
Total Benefit Obligations	21,078,000	19,407,000
Surplus	\$ 50,527,976	\$ 44,376,769

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan**Statement 2****Group Life Insurance Plan****Statement of Changes for Net Assets Available for Benefits****For the year ended December 31**

	2025	2024 (Note 13)
Increase in Net Assets		
Member premiums (Schedule 1)	\$ 14,352,661	\$ 12,566,736
Dividend income	1,756,219	1,210,260
Interest income	1,110,950	1,224,947
Realized gain on investments	1,036,824	963,262
Unrealized gain on investments	3,128,510	4,977,661
Other income	148,404	106,840
Change in Provision for unpaid claims (Note 10)	28,980	-
Total Increase in Net Assets	21,562,548	21,049,706
Decrease in Net Assets		
Premium expense (Schedule 1)	10,942,331	14,151,289
Administrative expense (Note 9)	983,498	918,962
Investment management fees	504,325	377,579
Professional fees	62,914	72,624
Consulting fees	83,786	50,429
Change in Provision for unpaid claims (Note 10)	-	200,492
Total Decrease in Net Assets	12,576,854	15,771,375
Change in Net Assets for the Year	8,985,694	5,278,331
Change in Rate Stabilization Fund	(376,471)	(231,528)
Change in Multi-Year Catastrophic Loss Reserve	(787,016)	(102,767)
Net Assets Available for Benefits, Beginning of Year	63,783,769	58,839,733
Net Assets Available for Benefits, End of Year (Statement 1)	\$ 71,605,976	\$ 63,783,769

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Statement of Changes in Disabled Life Waivers Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 3

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Disabled Life Waivers, Beginning of Year	\$ 19,407,000	\$ 18,635,000
Increase in Disabled life waivers		
Cost of new claims	5,520,000	5,070,000
Interest cost	985,000	995,000
Experience loss	654,000	48,000
	7,159,000	6,113,000
Decrease in Disabled life waivers		
Expected waiver payments	5,416,000	5,150,000
Change in assumptions	72,000	191,000
	5,488,000	5,341,000
Change during year	1,671,000	772,000
Disabled Life Waivers, End of Year (Note 8, Statement 1)	\$ 21,078,000	\$ 19,407,000

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the 3sHealth Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

In January 2015, 3sHealth's Board of Directors appointed individual trustees (called the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees) as part of a governance change for the Plan. 3sHealth's Board, on behalf of the members, signed a formal trust agreement with the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees on January 12, 2015, effectively making the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees the governing authority for the Plan and creating a service agreement with 3sHealth to administer the assets of the Plan. On October 11, 2023, five additional trustees were appointed to the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

a) Effective date

The Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) was established in 1967.

b) Purpose of Plan

The Plan is a multi-employer defined benefit plan, which is funded on a cash basis by contributions from participating members and if required, by their respective employees. The Plan provides members with Basic Life Insurance, Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D) Insurance, and Dependent Life Insurance. Also, members have the option to enhance their coverage through the purchase of additional insurance including Optional Life, and Voluntary AD&D. 3sHealth administers the Plan (the Administrator) on behalf of the eligible employees of participating employer organizations. 3sHealth is also a participating employer in the Plan.

The Administrator has negotiated insurance policies with Canada Life Assurance Company (Canada Life). These policies substantially transfer the majority of the insurance risk of the Plan to Canada Life, except that the Plan remains responsible for the premiums for disabled employees. The Plan provides that disabled employees of a participating employer organization are not required to pay premiums for their group life insurance coverage. The Plan estimates and records a liability as described in further detail in Note 8.

c) Eligibility

The Plan is available to employees of contributing member organizations of 3sHealth with certain restrictions based on hours of work as determined by established Plan criteria.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

d) Premiums

Employer's organizations send their premiums to 3sHealth, who then remits the funds to Canada Life. The monthly premium rates are:

	2025	2024
Basic Life	\$0.133/\$1,000	\$0.143/\$1,000
Basic AD&D	\$0.017/\$1,000	\$0.017/\$1,000
Optional Life Insurance	\$0.044-\$1.050/\$1,000 (dependent on employee's age and if they smoke)	\$0.044-\$1.050/\$1,000 (dependent on employee's age and if they smoke)
Voluntary AD&D	\$0.020/\$1,000 (single coverage) \$0.040/\$1,000 (family coverage)	\$0.020/\$1,000 (single coverage) \$0.040/\$1,000 (family coverage)

Premium cost sharing agreements between the employers and employees vary from employer to employer according to their respective personnel and/or collective bargaining agreement.

Insurance premiums are waived for employees who become disabled under the terms and conditions of the Plan. The cost of waived premiums is covered by the Plan.

Schedule 1 presents member premiums remitted to and applied by Canada Life during the year by line of insurance, from information provided by Canada Life.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities.

For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments, or disabled life waivers, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets and financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, which were determined by 3sHealth as the administrator of the Plan, are as follows:

(i) Short term investments

Short term investments are classified as held-for-trading and are measured at fair value. The Plan's short term investments consist of units of a Canadian money market fund (the Fund). Fair value is determined based on the published quote for the Fund. The Plan selected held-for-trading as this classification reflects the Plan's investment intentions. Any changes in the fair value are recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Distributions from the Fund in the form of interest income are recognized as increases in net assets as they are earned. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

(ii) Investments designated for life waivers and investments designated for unpaid claims

Investments designated for life waivers and investments designated for unpaid claims are classified as held-for-trading and are measured at fair value. The Plan selected held-for-trading as this classification reflects the Plan's investment intentions. All changes in fair value are recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits as part of the current period change in the fair value of investments. Income on these investments is recognized as it is earned. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Receivable from Canada Life, other receivables, member premium receivable and accounts payable

Receivable from Canada Life, other receivables, and member premiums receivable are classified as loans and receivables. Accounts payable are classified as other liabilities. Each of these financial instruments is measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature.

b) Member premiums

Member premiums are recognized as an increase in net assets when due.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c) Benefit obligations

Disabled life waivers represents the actuarial present value of the Plan's obligation with respect to Basic and Optional Life, Basic and Voluntary AD&D and Optional Dependent Life Insurance that has been continued without premiums for members of the Plan who are disabled.

Any resulting changes in these obligations are recognized as an increase or decrease in the Statement of Changes in Disabled Life Waivers Benefits.

d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the determination of the provision for unpaid claims, determination of benefit obligations, and investment fair values. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

e) Premiums Expense

Premiums expenses are recognized in the year they are incurred. Premiums expenses include future payments arising from claims received during the year and an estimate of life claims received after year-end for fatalities that occurred during the year.

f) Income Taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

g) Amended Standards Not Yet in Effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans- improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027.

The plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Investments

Investments include short term investments, investments designated for life waivers and investments designated for unpaid claims.

	2025	2024 (Note 13)
Short term investments	\$ 4,141,523	\$ 4,021,917
Bond Pooled funds	16,617,834	17,288,298
Equity pooled funds		
- Canadian	7,439,482	6,241,742
- U.S.	14,854,605	14,032,466
- Non-North American	7,781,361	5,891,934
- Global	-	359,319
Real Estate	9,923,359	9,874,738
Infrastructure	15,052,996	13,760,538
	\$ 75,811,160	\$ 71,470,952

b) Credit risk

The Plan is exposed to credit risk, which arises from the potential for issuers of securities and counterparties to default on their contractual obligations. The Plan's greatest concentration of credit risk is in investments designated for life waivers and for unpaid claims, which include investments in a number of pooled funds that invest in short term and fixed income securities. The core plus bond funds consist of active managed funds which invest in bonds with a minimum credit rating of CCC, as rated by Standard & Poor's (S&P) ratings. Earnings of these funds are reinvested.

Short term investments consist of an investment in the Fund that invests in Canadian dollar denominated debt instruments, such as treasury bills of Canadian governments, bankers' acceptance of Canadian chartered banks and commercial paper of corporations and/or trusts. The Plan requires a minimum credit rating of R1 Mid or equivalent. Short term investments rated R1 Mid are of superior credit quality, and differ from the R1 High (the highest credit quality) rating only by a small degree, as rated by DBRS Morningstar. Earnings in the Fund are reinvested. The portfolio is monitored quarterly by the Employee Benefits Committee and reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024 (Note 13)
Short term investments	\$ 4,141,523	\$ 4,021,917
Bond Pooled funds	16,617,834	17,288,298
Receivable/(Payable) from(to) Canada Life	3,769,560	(2,917)
	\$ 24,528,917	\$ 21,307,298

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Plan is exposed to credit risk due to potential non-payment of the receivable from Canada Life (Note 7); however, the Plan does not consider this to be likely as Canada Life's recent credit rating is AA as rated by S&P. The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the potential non-payment of the receivable from 3sHealth as this receivable is from a related party (Note 9) and is collected monthly.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. This risk is managed by the Plan by investing in financial assets with a very short term to maturity sufficient to discharge future obligations. The Plan generally maintains positive cash flows generated from its operating activities and supplements any shortfalls from its short-term investment portfolio.

The level of incoming contributions is reviewed regularly to ensure they support the current required premiums and to service future obligations. Current premium rates for the Plan are described in Note 1d.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are up to three months for accounts payable. Disabled life waivers do not have a contractual maturity and are payable once a claim is made by the Plan.

d) Real Estate and Infrastructure Risk

Real estate and infrastructure risk is the risk of adverse consequences of changes in the market values of the real estate and infrastructure investments, due to the state of the economy or their geographic location. The Plan is invested in real estate pooled funds, a real estate equity fund, and infrastructure. The Plan reduces this risk through diversification across types of buildings and geographic location.

e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes on cash flows, financial position and income. The Plan manages this exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by investing in a mix of fixed and variable rate investment assets, as well as constant monitoring of fund managers' performance. This risk arises from differences in the timing and amount of cash flows related to the Plan's assets and liabilities. The value of the investments owned by the Plan could be impacted by changes in this risk which then impacts the value of the investments designated for life waivers on the Statement of Financial Position and the current period change in fair value of investments on the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

It is estimated that a 100 basis point change in interest rates would change the value of the bond pooled fund by approximately \$777,941 (2024 - \$882,937).

f) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk impacts the Plan upon conversion of non-Canadian investments in foreign equities and bonds at various points in time during the fiscal year at different foreign exchange rates. During the year, there may be adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. The largest notional amount of foreign currency held by the Plan is US dollars with the remainder held in EAFE (Europe, Australasia, and Far East) currencies. To mitigate currency risk, the Plan's investment policy allows up to 30% of the entire portfolio's market value to be invested in foreign currencies.

At December 31, 2025 a 10% change in the Canadian dollar to US dollar exchange rate would result in approximately a \$2,101,128 (2024 - \$2,056,034) change in net assets and unrealized gains/losses on investments. A 10% change in the Canadian dollar to EAFE currencies exchange rates at December 31 would result in approximately a \$1,633,146 (2024 - \$1,306,014) change in net assets and unrealized gains/losses on investments.

g) Equity risk

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the value of equity investments due to changes in equity markets. To mitigate equity risk, the Statement of Investment Policies & Procedures (SIP&P) has investment policy guidelines in place that provide for prudent investment in equity markets within clearly defined limits. The Plan's investments are exposed to changes in equity prices in Canadian, US and EAFE markets through its investments. Equity investments comprise approximately 39.7% (2024 – 37.1%) of the overall carrying value of the Plan's investments.

The approximate impact to net assets and unrealized gain/losses on investments to a 10% change in equity prices is:

- \$743,948 (2024 - \$624,174) for changes in Canadian equity pooled funds (S&P/TSX Composite Index);
- \$1,485,460 (2024 - \$1,403,247) for changes in US equity pooled funds (S&P 500 Index);
- \$778,136 (2024 - \$589,193) for changes in non-North American equity pooled funds (MSCI EAFE Index); and
- \$Nil (2024 - \$35,932) for a change in Global equity pooled funds (MSCI AC World + Index)

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available.

Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation.

Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.

Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.

Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the financial assets of the Plan at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 used Level 1 basis of fair values with the exception of bond pooled funds, infrastructure and real estate. Fair values of bond pooled funds used Level 2 basis. Infrastructure and real estate used Level 3 basis of fair values. There was no change in the levels at December 31, 2025

Fair values are based on information provided by investment fund managers who use the following valuation techniques and inputs in determining fair value:

- equity pooled funds are based on the closing market prices for the underlying equity securities held at year end
- bond pooled funds values are based on bid prices from recognized security dealers for the underlying bonds held at year end
- real estate pooled funds are based on independent property appraisals for the underlying properties held
- infrastructure fund is based on the net asset valuation technique by the investment manager on quoted market prices for similar infrastructure assets when available, internal cash flow estimates discounted at an appropriate interest rate and independent infrastructure appraisals as appropriate.

Fair value of level 3 investments involve various assumptions. Changes in the underlying assumptions will have an impact on the market value of the investments.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Balances by level are reflected as follows:

As at December 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Short term investments	\$ 4,141,523	\$ -	\$ -	\$4,141,523
Bond pooled funds	-	16,617,834	-	16,617,834
Equity pooled funds	30,075,448	-	-	30,075,448
Infrastructure	-	-	15,052,996	15,052,996
Real estate	-	-	9,923,359	9,923,359
Total	\$34,216,971	\$16,617,834	\$24,976,355	\$75,811,160

As at December 31, 2024 (Note 13)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Short term investments	\$ 4,021,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$4,021,917
Bond pooled funds	-	17,288,298	-	17,288,298
Equity pooled funds	26,525,461	-	-	26,525,461
Infrastructure	-	-	13,760,538	13,760,538
Real estate	-	-	9,874,738	9,874,738
Total	\$30,547,378	\$17,288,298	\$23,635,276	\$71,470,952

	2025 Fair Value measurement using Level 3 input		
	Real Estate	Infrastructure	Total
Balance at January 1, 2025 (Note 13)	\$9,874,738	\$13,760,538	\$23,635,276
Realized gain (loss)	-	51,443	51,443
Unrealized gain (loss)	48,621	1,241,015	1,289,636
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$9,923,359	\$15,052,996	\$24,976,355

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management for the Plan is to maintain an adequate balance in its short term investments, investments designated for life waivers, and investments designated for unpaid claims. These capital sources are used to assist in achieving consistency and stability in funding, which is then available to the Plan to pay current administrative expenses and the waived premiums for members who are disabled. The Plan is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Plan's primary source of cash is the premiums received from the employers and employees that are enrolled in the Plan (see Note 1d). Contribution levels are reviewed regularly to ensure they support the expenditures of the Plan. Also, the Plan cannot go to public capital markets to issue debt or common shares.

There have been no changes to the capital management objectives of the Plan during the year which ended on December 31, 2025.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Plan fulfils its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies and procedures outlined in its SIP&P:

- The Plan limits the credit risk by dealing with investments that are considered to be investment-grade quality and minimize undue concentration of assets in any single geographic area, industry and company;
- The SIP&P of the Plan requires the investment managers to minimize undue concentration of investments in any single geographic area, industry, or company;
- A requirement of the SIP&P is the investments of the Plan are distributed among several classes of assets based on an established asset mix. This asset mix specifies the minimum, maximum and optimal level by type of investment.
- The investment portfolio and investment managers are monitored continuously and their results are reviewed regularly by the Employee Benefits Committee under the oversight of the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

7. RECEIVABLE FROM CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Canada Life maintains excess reserve accounts, called refundable deposit accounts (RDA), for premiums collected in excess of those required by Canada Life for any individual policy year. The RDA are used by Canada Life under the direction of 3sHealth as the administrator of the Plan, to supplement policy premiums, fund actuarial obligations, cover any future policy decisions such as minimizing future premium increases, or fund future claim deficits incurred by Canada Life.

The Callable RDA (CRDA) is used to fund any in-year experience deficits of the Basic Life Insurance policy. If there is an in-year experience surplus, it is applied to the CRDA balance to meet the minimum balance requirements and any remaining excess is added to the Basic Life RDA along with Basic Life premiums. The minimum CRDA balance requirements require that any experience surplus not required to cover any prior deficits be included in the CRDA to a maximum of 10% of the experience-rated Basic Life premium of the previous year.

An Optional Life RDA is also held by Canada Life. The balance in each RDA is available to be transferred to the Plan upon request after the end of each policy year. There is also an AD&D excess reserve account maintained at Canada Life. The excess reserve account can be transferred to the Plan, upon request to Canada Life after the end of each policy year.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

7. RECEIVABLE FROM CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY (continued)

The balance in the CRDA, each RDA and the AD&D excess reserve as at December 31 are:

	2025	2024 (Note 13)
CRDA	\$ 1,169,668	\$ -
RDA – Basic Life	2,361,860	-
RDA – Optional Life	144,350	21,248
AD&D Excess Reserve	93,682	(24,165)
	\$ 3,769,560	(\$ 2,917)

8. BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

a) Disabled life waivers

The disabled life waivers represent the actuarial valuation prepared by Convyta Consulting as at December 31, 2025 of the Plan's obligation in respect of providing coverage to disabled employees whose premiums have been waived prior to year-end.

The actuarial present value of disabled life waivers as at December 31 consists of:

	2025	2024
Basic Life	\$ 15,959,000	\$ 14,615,000
Optional Life	4,744,000	4,457,000
Spousal Life	9,000	-
Dependent Life	160,000	146,000
Accidental Death and Dismemberment	160,000	146,000
Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment	45,000	43,000
	\$ 21,077,000	\$ 19,407,000

The actuarial valuations were based on the following assumptions:

- Canadian LTD Termination Experiences 2009-2015 GLTD table, published in January 2019 (2024- Canadian LTD Termination Experiences 2009-2015 GLTD table, published in January 2019);
- Mortality rate as reported in the 2009-2015 GLTD table, published in January 2019 (2024- Mortality rate as reported in the 2009-2015 GLTD table, published in January 2019)
- Discount rate 5.9% (2024 – 5.9%) based on high quality fixed income securities that have a similar duration to the provision;

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

8. BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

- Expenses and taxes rate of 6.5% (2024 – 7.5%);
- Basic AD&D and Dependent Life reserves each use 1.00% (2024 – 1.00%) of the Basic Life actuarial reserve respectively;
- Voluntary AD&D reserve uses 1.00% (2024 – 1.00%) of the Optional Life actuarial reserve adjusted for volume differences; and
- Claims incurred but not reported: calculated as the ratio of the LTD IBNR to the LTD reserve multiplied by the corresponding waiver reserve (2024- Claims incurred but not reported: calculated as the ratio of the LTD IBNR to the LTD reserve multiplied by the corresponding waiver reserve).

The Plan's obligation to provide coverage to disabled employees whose premiums have been waived is long term in nature. There is no active market for settling this obligation; therefore, it is not practical to determine the fair value of these benefits. Also, this obligation is subject to measurement uncertainty, being based on a number of assumptions. The actual experience may vary significantly from the assumptions used.

The following illustrates the effect of changes in the following assumptions on the disabled life waivers:

Modified Assumption	% Change	Impact on Provision
Valuation discount rate	1% decrease	\$843,000 increase
	1% increase	\$764,000 decrease
Valuation mortality	10% decrease	\$2,108,000 decrease
	10% increase	\$2,108,000 increase
Valuation termination	10% decrease	\$1,113,000 increase
	10% increase	\$997,000 decrease

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the employer contributions and employer contributions receivable are from related parties.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

	2025	2024 (Note 13)
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,177,299	\$ 1,187,195
Accounts payable	259,309	163,753
Administrative expenses	983,498	918,962
Member premiums revenue	14,352,661	12,566,736

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of those purchases.

10. PROVISION FOR UNPAID CLAIMS

On an ongoing basis, the Plan estimates and holds in reserve amounts for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) at year-end. In case of policy termination, the Plan will pay IBNR claims reported within three months of the policy termination from the reserve. Any further IBNR claims reported after three months of policy termination become the responsibility of Canada Life. A reserve of 13.5% of experience rated premiums is kept with 3sHealth. If 3sHealth terminates then 3sHealth must pay the IBNR claims from this reserve and then transfer 1.73% (2024 – 1.73%) of the experience rate premium to Canada Life.

11. RATE STABILIZATION FUND

During the year, the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees restricted the use of \$3,023,812 (2024 - \$2,647,341) of the net assets available for benefits in a rate stabilization fund (RSF). The RSF is intended to absorb negative plan experience fluctuations and to promote rate stability. The RSF will be adjusted annually by restricting an amount of the net assets available for benefits, equal to 10% of the following:

- IBNR reserves held at Canada-Life
- CRDA held at Canada-Life
- Life waiver of premiums
- \$1 million administrative reserve
- Multi-year catastrophic loss reserve

The purpose of the RSF is to provide the plan with restricted net assets that can be drawn upon if claims exceed contributions. Having this RSF allows the employers and plan members time to negotiate changes in the contribution rates sufficient to cover claims costs and/or changes in benefit levels to beneficiaries.

12. MULTI-YEAR CATASTROPHIC LOSS RESERVE

During the year, the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees restricted the use of \$3,509,002 (2024 - \$2,721,986) of the net assets available for benefits in a multi-year catastrophic loss reserve (MYCLR). The MYCLR is held to provide the plan with a temporary additional funding source during an event, such as a pandemic, that causes multi-year pressure on other reserves held by the plan. The MYCLR will only be utilized based on approval by the Board of Trustees and based on the following minimum criteria:

- The catastrophic event spans at least two plan years where other reserves may be insufficient to absorb the event; and
- The incurred claims during the event are at least 125% of the experience rated annual premium per year.

The MYCLR maximum funding level is calculated at 30% of annualized basic life and dependent life premiums.

13. RETIRED PLAN MEMBER LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT PLAN

Historically, the financial statements for the Group Life Insurance Plan included transactions relating to the Retire Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan. In 2025, the Employee Benefits Plans board of Trustees instructed 3sHealth to create separate financial statements for both the Group Life Insurance Plan and the Retired Plan Member Life Insurance Benefit Plan. These plans are separate and distinct Trusts, each with its own Trust Agreements. Surplus should be maintained in each individual Trust and used for the benefit of the beneficiaries.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Group Life Insurance Plan
Members Premiums Remitted and Applied
For year ended December 31**

Schedule 1

	Basic Life	Basic AD&D	Optional Life	Voluntary AD&D	2025	2024 (Note 13)
Member premiums	\$ 9,089,312	\$ 1,346,937	\$ 3,376,620	\$ 539,792	\$14,352,661	\$12,566,736
Member premiums	\$ 9,089,312	\$ 1,346,937	\$ 3,376,620	\$ 539,792	\$14,352,661	12,566,736
Premiums paid to Canada Life	6,819,948	748,957	2,833,634	539,792	10,942,331	14,151,290
Premiums expense	6,819,948	748,957	2,833,634	539,792	10,942,331	14,151,290
Premiums applied:						
- To Canada Life	6,819,948	748,957	2,833,634	539,792	10,942,331	14,151,290
- To/(from) refund deposit account	2,716,904	-	-	-	2,716,904	(1,454,852)
- To AD&D Excess	-	597,980	-	-	597,980	408,125
- To optional Life refund deposit account	-	-	542,986	-	542,986	365,481
	\$ 9,536,852	\$ 1,346,937	\$ 3,376,620	\$ 539,792	\$14,800,201	\$13,470,044



June 12, 2026

The Honourable J. Cockrill
Minister of Health
Room 204, Legislative Building
Regina, SK S4S 0B3

(via Email)

Dear Honourable J. Cockrill:

**Re: Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan
Financial Statements**

We enclose the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan for the year ended December 31, 2025 and our report on these financial statements.

We issue audited financial statements and other final documents electronically using the Office's secure file-share program. Please whitelist the email account saskauditor@auditor.sk.ca to ensure it is not blocked or sent to junk.

Yours truly,

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor

Enclosure

cc: (via Email)

The Honourable J. Reiter, Chair, Treasury Board
T. Smith, Secretary, Treasury Board
B. Hebert, Provincial Comptroller, Ministry of Finance
R. Doell, Chair, 3sHealth Employee Benefit Plans, Board of Trustees
M. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer, 3sHealth
T. Frass, Vice President, Supply Chain Services and Chief Financial Officer, 3sHealth
A. Shearer-Kleefeld, Vice President, Employee Benefits, 3sHealth
L. Malach, Executive Director, Internal Audit and Enterprise Risk Management, 3sHealth
M. Ortman, Director, Finance, 3sHealth
S. McKillop, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
K. Pituley, Manager, Finance, 3sHealth
R. Carter, Deputy Minister, Ministry of Health
R. Dobson, Director, Operations and Internal Audit, Ministry of Health

Financial Statements of

**Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan**

December 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan as at December 31, 2025, and changes in its net assets available for benefits for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Shared Services Saskatchewan Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
June 1, 2026

Tara Clemett, CPA, CA, CISA
Provincial Auditor
Office of the Provincial Auditor

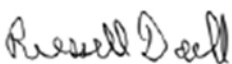
Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31

Statement 1

	2025	2024
Assets		
Cash	\$ 1,404,058	\$ 193,514
Short term investments (Note 4)	411,981	849,147
Contributions and other receivable (Note 4)	36,925	801,306
Receivable from Canada Life Assurance Company (Note 4, 8)	67,451	67,451
Total Assets	1,920,415	1,911,418
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	32,805	37,387
Claims payable	141,997	99,313
Provision for unpaid claims (Note 7)	97,855	82,898
Total Liabilities	272,657	219,598
Net Assets Available for Benefits (Statement 2, Note 9)	\$ 1,647,758	\$ 1,691,820

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees:



Russell Doell
Chair, Board of Trustees



Dave Jackson
Vice-Chair, Board of Trustees

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits
For the year ended December 31

Statement 2

	2025	2024
Increase in Net Assets		
Interest income	\$ 38,227	\$ 63,046
Other revenue	5,140	2,655
Contributions – Employers (Note 1, 3)	807,871	936,699
Administrative contributions (Note 3)	275,210	278,401
Change in provision for unpaid claims (Note 7)	-	49,125
Total Increase in Net Assets	1,126,448	1,329,926
Decrease in Net Assets		
Health Spending Account claims expense	964,262	948,769
Administrative expense (Note 6)	191,291	198,034
Change in provision for unpaid claims (Note 7)	14,957	-
Total Decrease in Net Assets	1,170,510	1,146,803
Change in Net Assets for the Year	(44,062)	183,123
Net Assets Available for Benefits, Beginning of Year	1,691,820	1,508,697
Net Assets Available for Benefits, End of Year (Statement 1, Note 9)	\$ 1,647,758	\$ 1,691,820

See accompanying notes

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan (3sHealth) administers the Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan (the Plan) under the direction of the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees who receives advice from its Employee Benefits Committee. The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan text.

In January 2015, 3sHealth's Board of Directors appointed individual trustees (called the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees) as part of a governance change for the Plan. 3sHealth's Board, on behalf of the members, signed a formal trust agreement with the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees on January 12, 2015, effectively making the Employee Benefit Plans Board of Trustees the governing authority for the Plan and creating a service agreement with 3sHealth to administer the assets of the Plan. On October 11, 2023, five union trustees were appointed to the Employee Benefits Plans Board of Trustees.

a) Effective date

The Plan was established on April 1, 2011.

b) Purpose of the Plan

The purpose of the Plan is to supplement the 3sHealth Extended Health and Enhanced Dental Plans. The Plan enhances a plan member's existing benefit package by providing an annual credit that a Plan Member has the option to allocate to a non-taxable Health Spending Account (HSA) or a taxable Lifestyles Account (LSA). The Plan is a multi-employer benefit plan that is administered by 3sHealth on behalf of eligible employees of participating member organizations (participating employer).

The HSA is a non-taxable account that is part of the Plan. Eligible plan members can be reimbursed for medically related expenses incurred by themselves or their family members that are not covered by the 3sHealth Extended Health and Enhanced Dental Plans. The medical expenses must be recognized as an eligible expense under the Canada Revenue Agency's eligible medical expenses. Claims adjudication and benefit payment services are done through an agreement with the Canada Life Assurance Company (Canada Life).

The LSA is a taxable account where eligible plan members may be reimbursed directly by their employer for eligible health and wellness related expenses. Claims adjudication services are done by 3sHealth and benefit payments are done directly by the participating employers through payroll. The Plan's financial statements do not reflect contributions or claims expense related to LSA.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (continued)

Plan members can choose to allocate their Plan credits to the HSA, the LSA, or a 50/50 percentage split of both their HSA and LSA. This selection is done at their initial enrolment. At the end of the calendar year a plan member's unused HSA credits may be carried forward for a maximum of one year. LSA credits cannot be carried forward and are forfeited if unused at the end of the calendar year.

c) Eligibility

The Plan is available to employees if the following criteria are met:

- work for a 3sHealth Participating Employer;
- are an out-of-scope employee for a Participating Employer;
- are eligible for 3sHealth Extended Health and Enhanced Dental Plans; and,
- are actively at work.

Eligible family members of an employee are eligible for coverage under the HSA Plan only.

d) Employers' contributions

The annual allocation amount for 2025 was \$878 (2024 - \$878) per eligible full-time equivalent employee. The annual allocation is pro-rated based on the number of months remaining in the calendar year when an employee becomes eligible, as well as the level of coverage for other than full-time employees. The Plan is fully funded by the employer.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans as prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) Handbook section 4600, *Pension Plans*. These standards include reference to guidance found in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with respect to the fair value measurement for investment assets and liabilities. For accounting policies that do not relate to its investments or benefit obligations, the Plan has followed the guidance contained in Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook, Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE).

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Plan are as follows:

a) Financial instruments

All financial instruments that are financial assets and financial liabilities have been identified and classified. The classification determines how each financial instrument is measured. The Plan's financial instruments and their classifications, which were determined by 3sHealth as the administrator of the Plan, are as follows:

(i) Short term investments

Short term investments are classified as held-for-trading and are measured at fair value. The Plan's short term investments consist of units of a Canadian Treasury Management Pooled Fund (the Fund). Fair value of the Fund is determined based on the published quote for the Fund.

Distributions from the Fund in the form of interest income are recognized in income as they are earned. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

(ii) Cash, contributions receivable and other receivables, receivable from Canada Life, accounts payable, and claims payable.

Cash, contributions receivable and other receivables and receivable from Canada Life are classified as loans and receivables while accounts payable, and claims payable are classified as other liabilities. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost which approximates their fair value due to their short term nature. Cash is classified as held-for-trading and is recorded at fair value.

b) Employers' contributions

Employers provide contributions for the HSA on an annual basis, based on the number of eligible full-time-equivalent employees. At the end of each quarter, employers are invoiced for any additional employees that became eligible during that period and provide additional contributions, accordingly. Contributions are recognized as an increase in net assets in the period to which they apply.

c) Administrative contributions

Employers are charged an administration fee based on 10% of the total annual allocation amount for every plan member enrolled in both the HSA and LSA in the current plan year.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

At the end of each quarter, employers are invoiced for 10% of any additional employees that became eligible during that period. The administration fees are reviewed regularly to ensure they support the expenditures of the Plan.

Administration fees are billed on an April – March basis to cover administrative expenses incurred during the current plan year. Administrative contributions are recognized as an increase in net assets in the period to which they apply.

d) Interest income

Interest income is recognized as it is earned.

e) Provision for unpaid claims

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate of the cost of claims incurred but not reported at year end. Any resulting change in this provision is recognized as a revenue or expense in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits.

f) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans requires the administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include Provision for Unpaid Claims. Actual results could differ from those estimations.

g) Administrative expense

Canada Life and 3sHealth charge administrative expenses for adjudicating claims throughout the year.

h) Income taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Plan filed trust income taxes as an employee life and health trust. Investment income earned by the Plan, net of eligible deductions, is subject to income tax.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

i) Amended Standards Not Yet In Effect

The following accounting standards have upcoming amendments or changes that are not yet in effect:

- (i) Section 4600, Accounting Standards for Pension Plans – improvements to presentation and disclosure of investments for pension plans that will be effective for years on or after January 1, 2027

The Plan intends to adopt the amended standards in the fiscal year in which they become effective. Management is currently analyzing the impact these new standards will have on the financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT

Short term investments consist of investments in the Fund that invests in high quality Canadian money market instruments, including commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, and treasury bills maturing in less than one year. The Fund invests in investment grade securities with a minimum rating of R-1 (low) or equivalent. Earnings in the Fund are reinvested.

The plan has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk and liquidity risk.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential for issuers of securities and counterparties to default on their contractual obligations.

The Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to financial assets is as follows:

	2025	2024
Short term investments	\$ 411,981	\$ 849,147
Contributions and other receivables	36,925	801,306
Receivable from Canada Life Assurance Company	67,451	67,451

The Plan is exposed to minimal credit risk from the potential non-payment of contributions receivable as these receivables are from related parties (Note 6) and are collected quarterly. Also, the Plan is exposed to credit risk due to the potential non-payment of the Canada Life receivable (Note 8); however, the Plan does not consider this to be likely as Canada Life's recent credit rating is AA as rated by Standard & Poor's.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. This risk is managed by the Plan by continually monitoring actual and forecasted cash flows, to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The financial liabilities, which are also short-term in nature, are due within one year. The Plan generally maintains positive cash flows generated from its operating activities.

The estimated contractual maturities of the Plan's financial liabilities at December 31, 2025 are up to three months for accounts payable, the provision for unpaid claims and claims payable.

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The best evidence of a fair value is from an independent quoted market price for the same instrument in an active market. An active market is one where quoted prices are readily available, representing regularly occurring transactions. The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available. Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of the inputs used in the valuation.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets are readily available.
- Level 2 – valuation models using observable market inputs other than quoted market prices.
- Level 3 – models using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

All fair values of the investments of the Plan at December 31, 2025 used Level 2 basis of fair values. Over those periods there was no change in levels.

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Plan is indirectly related to various Saskatchewan Crown agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, employers, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations. They are recorded at the agreed upon exchange rates and are settled on normal trade terms.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan

Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The administrative expenses charged by 3sHealth during the year and the recorded amounts due to or from other related parties at year end are included in the financial statements and the table below.

Due to the nature of the Plan, substantially all of the contribution revenue is from related parties.

	2025	2024
Contributions and other receivables	\$ 33,704	\$ 800,571
Contributions - employers	807,871	936,699
Administrative contributions	275,210	278,401
Accounts payable	26,481	32,648
Administrative expense	144,026	147,943

In addition, the Plan pays Provincial Sales Tax to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance on all of its taxable purchases. Taxes paid are recorded as part of the cost of the purchases.

7. PROVISION FOR UNPAID CLAIMS

The provision for unpaid claims represents an estimate for the cost of HSA claims incurred but not reported at year end. The terms of the Plan requires that eligible claims must be submitted within 60 days of the end of the calendar year in which the expense was incurred.

The provision for eligible claims incurred prior to December 31, 2025 amounts to \$97,855 (2024 – \$82,898) and includes a 4.40% (2024 – 4.40%) provision for administrative costs for these claims.

8. RECEIVABLE FROM CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Canada Life maintains an excess reserve account for premiums collected equal to 1/12 of the anticipated annual HSA claims. The excess reserve account is used to cover claim payments made during a given month and is replenished by the Plan at the end of every month. Also, this excess reserve account can be transferred to the Plan, upon request to Canada Life after the end of each policy year.

Health Shared Services Saskatchewan
Out-of-Scope Flexible Spending Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

9. NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS

The Net Assets available for benefits for the Plan are made up of the following:

	2025	2024
Net assets available for Health Spending Account claim expenses	\$ 1,346,589	\$ 1,487,103
Net assets available for Administration expenses	301,169	204,717
Net Assets Available for Benefits	\$ 1,647,758	\$ 1,691,820